

THE WEATHER

Partly cloudy Wednesday and Thursday.

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WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 19, 1914

WHOLE NUMBER 13,732.

BRIEF REPORTS OF ACTIVITIES COE
FROM EUROPEAN THEATRES OF WAR

The French Officially Report That the Germans Have Abandoned Sarrebourg—Brussels Dispatch Says Liege Forts Are Still Intact and German Movement Toward Capital Checked.

NO IMPORTANT ENGAGEMENT HAS TAKEN PLACE

More Than One Hundred Thousand British Soldiers Have Landed in Belgium and France and Are Rapidly Nearing Scene of Hostilities—Desultory Firing Has Taken Place Between Scout Cruisers of Navies in The North Sea.

From the war zone come only brief reports of the activities of the vast German and allied armies opposing each other. The French officially report that the Germans have abandoned Sarrebourg. The Liege forts are said still to be intact and a Brussels dispatch says the German movement towards the Belgian center seems to have been checked.

"The French troops are in contact with the Germans, but there is no important engagement to report," said an official announcement of the French embassy at London.

A British expeditionary force numbering more than 100,000 has landed at French and Belgian ports and doubtless is well on its way to form a junction with its allies.

A significant statement is issued by the British official press bureau to the effect that desultory fighting has occurred between the British patrolling squadrons and flotillas and German reconnoitering cruisers.

"A certain liveliness is apparent in the Southern area of the North sea," the statement adds.

There are rumors of a naval engagement about 100 miles off Harwich in the North sea.

In a stirring message to the troops, King George says: "Duty is your watchword and I know your duty will be nobly done."

An American corps has been organized in Paris and several American airmen have offered the government their aeroplanes. There is some question whether this offer will be accepted because of possible international complications.

To set at rest reports of casualties in the British army the official bureau declared that there have been no casualties.

A Rome dispatch gives a report from Vienna that the Austrian cruiser Zenta has been sunk.

Count Okuma, the Japanese minister, declares it is Japan's intention to eliminate from China the root of German influence.

men Can Do" or some similar caption are the busiest.

Signs are posted that Earl Kitchener, Secretary of War, needs 100,000 men for three years or to the close of the war.

There has been some protest against German and Austrian waiters at the hotels and restaurants. One newspaper protests against excessive forbearance, as instanced by a crowd at the railway station on the departure of the Austrian ambassador singing "Deutschland, Deutschland Ueber Alles."

The stock exchange is closed and the city is quiet. Clerks are carrying rifles and cartridges in their belts. Large business houses announce that places will be kept for those who enlist.

The newspapers are proud of the effective manner in which they kept secret the movement of troops of which much has been surmised, but little known.

The seaside faces a ruined season and the hotels dread the return of Americans, for they would not be able to accommodate them. Food prices are lower, with the exception of sugar, which comes from Austria and Germany.

The Nottingham lace factories are at a standstill but the ship yards are unusually busy and the development board is spending \$15,000,000 on roads and other improvements.

KITCHENER ADVISES TROOPS
British Field Marshal Instructs Them in Behavior While in Europe.

London, August 18.—Field Marshal Earl Kitchener's solemnly homely to the British expeditionary forces which he distributed before the departure from English shores with directions that each man keep it in his active service pay book, was as follows:

"You are ordered abroad as a soldier of the king to help our French comrades against the invasion of a common enemy."
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RELIEF BOARD IS
BUSY WITH PLANS

To Bring Home War-Marooned Americans in Europe

TRANSPORTS MADE FIT

Offer of Liner by the German Government Has Not Yet Been Accepted. No Answers to Suggestions Recently Made.

Washington, Aug. 18.—American diplomatic officials in Germany, Switzerland and Austria were instructed tonight to begin immediate negotiations for the transfer of all Americans in those countries who need assistance to France and England. This action followed a long conference between Secretary of War Garrison and Assistant Secretary Phillips of the State Department.

Dispatches to the department tonight reported that all of the English line vessels were sailing and that it was possible to bring all Americans desiring transportation to the United States. From France it was announced that steamship companies were resuming operations.

Secretary Garrison said he had been assured by officials of the International Mercantile & Marine Company that their vessels could return 21,300 Americans with first or second class accommodations to the United States by October 3rd. The Cunard Company, the Secretary said, would provide similar transportation by October 3rd for more than 10,000 passengers.

"It is possible now to bring back all Americans in England and France and those who can get to these countries by October 3rd," Mr. Garrison said. "Our task now is to get transportation for the refugees in other countries to France and England or some neutral port."

Relief Board Busy.
Washington, Aug. 18.—Perfection of plans to bring war-marooned Americans out of Europe occupied the government relief board today. Orders for outfitting any transports for relief voyages stand, but for the present there will be no acceptance of Germany's offer of liners to be put temporarily under the American flag.

The State Department had received no replies to its suggestion to nations at war that liners chartered for refugees be recognized as neutral. Belief was expressed, however, that favorable replies soon will be forthcoming.

Ambassador Gerard at Berlin cabled there were about 9,000 Americans there who wanted to return home immediately. With transportation conditions on English ports steadily improving, American government officials probably will concentrate their efforts toward providing ships for refugees in Germany, Switzerland, Austria and Macedonia.

The American Red Cross announced it hoped to dispatch its relief expedition to Europe within the next ten days. A joint resolution authorizing assistance to American government officials probably will be passed by Congress today. President Wilson today ordered consular officials to issue emergency passports to needy Americans abroad without fees.

SEEK WAYS AND MEANS.

Americans Continue to Besiege Consulate at Genoa—Aid Received.
Genoa, Italy, via Paris, Aug. 18.—An increasing number of Americans continue to besiege the American consulate here, seeking information as to ways and means of returning home.

John Edward Jones, the consul general, has been compelled to receive his callers calmly. He takes his stand upon a platform from which he announces what arrangements have been made and gives particulars regarding steamers' sailings, the changing of money and other matters.

Americans who, under the circumstances, are unable to pay their bills are helped by Mr. Jones from the small fund placed at his disposal by a few generous countrymen.

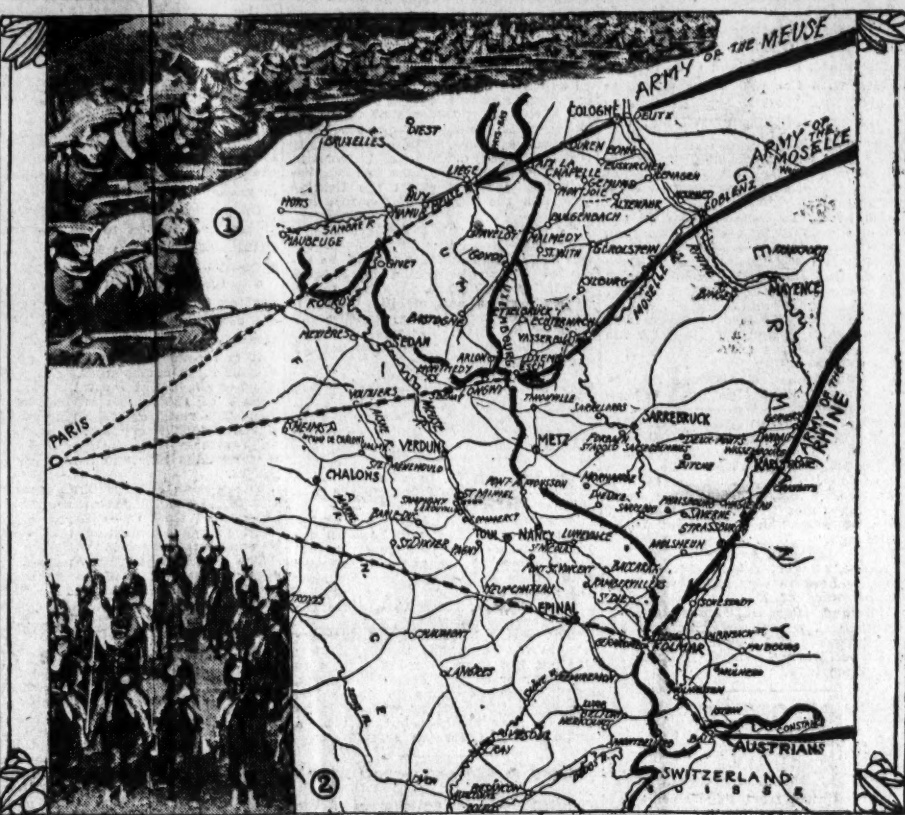
The consul general expects that ten thousand or more Americans will have embarked here for home by the end of August.

BRECKENRIDGE AT FALMOUTH.

Assistant Secretary of War Thanks Mayor for Hospitality Shows.
Falmouth, England, August 18.—Henry S. Breckenridge, American assistant secretary of war, was met by the mayor of Falmouth on his return here tonight from London, where today he was working out plans for the relief of stranded Americans. Mr. Breckenridge thanked the mayor for the hospitality Falmouth had extended American citizens and assured him the American government would repay expenses that had been incurred in their behalf.

The mayor told Mr. Breckenridge that Falmouth had been put to considerable expense housing officers of German mercantile ships brought to port as prizes and suggested that Mr. Breckenridge make representations to the German government for a refund of the amount thus expended. Mr. Breckenridge expressed the opinion that such a course would be outside his mission, but suggested that the mayor

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MAY BE GERMAN PLAN OF INVADING FRANCE;
CAN IT BE CARRIED OUT AND PARIS TAKEN?

This map shows what is believed in many quarters to be the German plan of invading France. Three armies are being hurled against the French, British and Belgian allies. One entered Belgium and encountered the troops of the little country at Liege. The second enters through Luxemburg, according to the plan, and the third near Espinal. The objective point is Paris. As you read the day's news from the war, follow the events here. Get this general plan of invasion well in your mind, locating the strategic points, and then the great mass of reports and rumors from the seat of war can be sifted much more intelligently; whether the Germans follow this plan of campaign or not.

IMPROVEMENT IN
MONEY SITUATION

Indicated by Increased Activity in Foreign Exchange

MARKET NOT TO REOPEN

Liverpool Cotton Traders Willing to Shift Their Interests to December—Number of Contracts Are Transferred.

New York, August 18.—More activity was noted in foreign exchange today than at any time since the war began. This was accepted as evidence of further improvement in the general financial situation. Rates were firmer, however, because much of the recent accumulations had been disposed of.

Domestic monetary operations also were more numerous, many loans being placed by local banks for interior institutions attracted by the prevailing high rates.

Little ground for encouragement was offered by the official weather report, which told of increasing deterioration to corn in States west of the Mississippi because of continued drought. In fact, it is now generally recognized that all cereals except winter wheat have suffered severe reverse since the official July report. This change of reflection in a sensational advance for September wheat in Chicago today.

The committee which has been directing the affairs of the Stock Exchange during its enforced suspension is authority for the statement that the position of its members is inherently sound. This has given rise to rumors of an early reopening, all of which prove to have no foundation in fact. The exchange, it is declared, will not attempt to do any business except for cash, so long as the British moratorium remains effective.

Shift Interest to December.
A cable received by the New York Cotton Exchange announced that practically all the members of the Liverpool traders were willing to shift their interests here to December and it was reported a large number of contracts held for both foreign and domestic cotton had already been transferred.

While a meeting has now been called at all houses whose clients deal with American mills presumably to discuss further plans for the reduction of old commitments.

Meanwhile crop reports show some improvement, today's semi-monthly statement by a prominent local authority making the condition 75.3 against 75 per cent. two weeks ago, while the summary of the weekly weather report was also considered generally favorable.

Liverpool reported a decline of 30 points in the spot quotation of 6.20d for American middling and quoted January-February 22 points lower at 5.90d while the market at Augusta, was 1-4c lower at 10 3-4c for old and 9 3-4c for new crop cotton and the local spot market was nominal in the absence of transactions. Japan was reported a buyer in the Southwest but domestic mills are still said to be buying only in small scattering lots.

PRESIDENT APPEALS
TO AMERICAN PEOPLE

Wilson Urges Them to Remain Neutral in Thought as Well as Action "During These Days That Are to Try Men's Souls"—Determined to Take No Part in The German-Japanese Dispute and Resents Efforts Made to Embroil United States

Washington, August 18.—Addressing the American people, President Wilson today issued a statement in connection with the European war, warning citizens of the United States against "that deepest, most subtle, most essential breach of neutrality which may spring out of partisanship, out of passionately taking sides."

The President pleaded that the United States be "neutral in fact as well as in name during these days that are to try men's souls."

"We must be impartial in thought as well as in action," he said, "but put a curb upon our sentiments as well as upon every transaction that may spring as a preference of one party to the struggle before another."

Officials close to the President made it clear that he has fully determined to take no part in the disputes between Japan and Germany over the situation in the Far East. While that controversy was not specifically referred to in the President's statement, it became known that he is resentful of efforts he believes are being made to embroil the United States in it.

The President's statement follows:

"My Fellow Countrymen:
I suppose that every thoughtful man in America has asked himself during these last troubled weeks what influence the European war may exert upon the United States, and I take the liberty of addressing a few words to you in order to point out that it is entirely within our own choice what its effects upon us will be and to urge very earnestly upon you the sort of speech and conduct which will best safeguard the Nation against distress and disaster.

"The effect of the war upon the United States will depend upon what American citizens say and do. Every man who really loves America will act and speak in the true spirit of impartiality and fairness, and friendliness to all concerned. The spirit of the nation in this critical matter will be determined largely by what individuals and society and those gathered in public meetings do and say, upon what newspapers and magazines contain, upon what our ministers utter in their pulpits and men proclaim as their opinions on the streets."

"The people of the United States are drawn from many nations and chiefly from the nations now at war. It is natural and inevitable that there should be among them a variety of sympathy and desire among them with regard to the issues and circumstance of the conflict. Some will wish one nation, others another, to succeed in the momentous struggle. It will be easy to excite passion and difficult to allay it. Those responsible for exciting it will assume a heavy responsibility, a responsibility for no less a thing than that the people of the United States, whose love of their

country and whose loyalty to its government should unite them as Americans all, bound in honor and affection to think first of her and her interests, may be divided in camps of hostile opinions, hot against each other, involved in the war itself in impulse and opinion if not in action.

"Such a diversion amongst us would be fatal to our peace of mind, and might seriously stand in the way of the proper performance of our duty as the one great nation at peace, the one people holding itself ready to play a part of impartial mediation and speak the counsels of peace and accommodation not as a nation but as a friend."

"I venture, therefore, my fellow countrymen to speak a solemn word of warning to you against that deepest, most subtle, most essential breach of neutrality which may spring out of partisanship, out of passionately taking sides. The United States must be neutral in fact as well as in name during these days that are to try men's souls. We must be impartial in thought as well as in action, must put a curb upon our sentiments as well as upon every transaction that might be construed as a preference of one party to the struggle before another."

"My thought is of America. I am speaking, I feel sure, the earnest wish and purpose of every thoughtful American that this great country, of ours, which is, of course, the first in our thoughts, and in our hearts, should show herself in this time of peculiar trial a nation not only others to exhibit the fine poise of undisturbed judgment, the dignity of self-control, the efficiency of dispassionate action; a nation that neither sits in judgment upon others, nor is disturbed in her own counsels, and which keeps herself 'fit and free' to do what is honest and disinterested, and truly serviceable for the peace of the world."

"I shall we not resolve to put upon ourselves the restraint which will bring to our people the happiness and the great and lasting influence for peace we covet for them?"

"The President is understood to be deeply concerned because naturalized Americans who came from the belligerent nations have taken sides in public discussions of the war. On previous occasions he has publicly spoken against what he termed 'hyphenated Americans,' declaring that citizens of the United States should be Americans only not Irish-Americans, German-Americans, or other classifications of the sort. That feeling is understood to have prompted his statement today.

"German Charge Comments.
Haniel von Haim Hausen, charge of the German embassy here, commented tonight on the President's appeal to Americans for absolute neutrality toward the European conflict, said: 'I suppose one of the President's reasons was the anti-German feeling which has been shown in some of the

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"ONE WEDGE DRIVES ANOTHER."

So continued advertising will surely drive home your argument to the person you are trying to convince.

WAR WITH MEXICO
NARROWLY AVERTED

As Recently as a Fortnight Ago Action Urged.

BUT WILSON STOOD FIRM

It is Reported That Majority of Cabinet Urged Sending of Troops to Mexico City When Carranza Rejected Peace.

Washington, August 18.—Just how close the United States came to being involved in a war with Mexico as recently as a fortnight ago was revealed today by high officials of the administration.

When General Carranza abruptly rejected the overtures of the peace envoys sent by Provisional President Carbajal and at the same time ignored diplomatic efforts of the American government to bring about a peaceful entry of the Constitutionalists into Mexico City, drastic measures were urged upon President Wilson.

Many members of the Cabinet, it is said, urged sending American troops from Vera Cruz to the Mexican capital to prevent anarchy then expected to follow from the failure of the Carbajal government and the Constitutionalists to reach an agreement. President Wilson, however, firmly resisted all pressure, arguing that sending of American troops to Mexico City probably would mean war with the Constitutionalists. A few days later overtures came from the Carbajal government to the effect that if American troops would come to preserve order they would be assisted. Other promises were made. The peace envoys were urged to join with Carranza to be given a coaling station in Magdalena Bay, the Chamizal claims were to be adjusted and many other things of particular interest to the American government were to be arranged.

Wilson Stood Firm.
The President rejected all approaches believing the Constitutionalists themselves would make peace. He turned his attention instead to the possible split between Villa and Carranza and renewed efforts to harmonize the leaders.

To carry out this purpose the President sent a personal friend, Paul Fuller, a New York lawyer, to see both Villa and Carranza.

Mr. Fuller saw the President and Mr. Bryan secretly in Washington and has just arrived at Villa's headquarters where he is co-operating with George C. Carothers, American consular agent, in urging Villa to join with Carranza in maintaining peace in Mexico. Announcement of the fact that Mr. Fuller had gone to see Villa was made by Secretary Bryan today.

White House officials said Mr. Fuller went to Mexico merely to gather information for the administration. It was reported in some quarters that Mr. Fuller was sent to familiarize himself with conditions and that he eventually might be named American ambassador to Mexico.

PERFECT ORDER MAINTAINED.

Everything Is Quiet at Mexico City—Prepare to Receive Carranza.

Mexico City, August 18.—Perfect order has been maintained in the capital since the Constitutionalists' occupation. The authorities are not overlooking any opportunity to make peaceful ends secure. The call for the delivery within eight days of arms in the possession of the capital's inhabitants is meeting with general acquiescence.

It was decided today to search passenger and freight trains leaving the capital to guard against the shipment of arms to outside districts. Passenger and freight traffic, therefore, was suspended pending the drawing up of regulations for the search. It is expected that trains will move again tomorrow. Incoming trains were not affected.

General Carranza's headquarters is being moved to the outskirts of the city in preparation for his triumphal entry Thursday.

VIRGINIA—WEST VIRGINIA

CONTROVERSY REOPENED.

Hearing Being Held at Richmond Will Last for Several Days.

Richmond, Va., August 18.—Argument was heard by Special Master Little today in the Virginia-West Virginia debt litigation. Counsel for Virginia proposed that computations as to interest should be made from June 1, 1863, when West Virginia was recognized as a State. West Virginia claimed that it should be dated from January 1, 1863, before the opening of hostilities or the secession of Virginia. West Virginia is claiming offsets of approximately \$4,000,000 claiming that Virginia owned valuable railway securities before the war which securities were retained by Virginia at the time of separation and which later lost their value because of war conditions. The argument will continue several days.

ATTACK SECTIONS OF THE

CLAYTON ANTI-TRUST BILL.

Oppose Clause Referring to Labor and Agricultural Organizations.

Washington, Aug. 18.—An attack by Senators Pomeroy and Borah on the sections of the Clayton anti-trust bill exempting labor and agricultural organizations from the operations of the anti-trust laws marked consideration of the bill today by the Senate.

The Senate agreed to the Judiciary committee's amendment making dissolution decrees gained by the government against a trust "prima facie" evidence in subsequent suits by private parties for damages. The House bill made such decrees "conclusive" evidence.

MANY REPORTS ON ADVANCING PRICES

Flood The Department of Justice in Washington

COMBINES ARE FOUND

Special Agents of the Department All Over the Country Tell of Combines in All Kinds of Business to Control Prices.

Washington, Aug. 18.—Reports from officials and special agents investigating the rise in food prices since the European war began continue to flood the Department of Justice today.

A special agent in the Middle West telegraphed that he had found evidence that sugar producers and refiners had combined to raise prices. Another announced that a State Association of food producers was issuing price bulletins, and that evidence gathered showed the organization's prices are followed by individual millers.

A wholesale firm furnished the department a circular letter issued by the Spool Cotton Company, of New York, announcing a 10 per cent advance in prices on numerous lines of spool cotton effective August 15th. A report from Kansas City, Mo., said retail grocers there had formed an association to control prices.

A charge that a large combination of drug stores has raised prices 100 per cent on various articles is being investigated.

"JOHN DOE" PROCEEDINGS.

Will Begin in New York Thursday to Investigate High Prices.

New York, Aug. 18.—With city department heads planning municipal groceries and meat markets and police obtaining comparisons between present and past food prices, it was announced at the district attorney's office today that the promised "John Doe" inquiries into the high cost of living here since the outbreak of the war in Europe would be begun Thursday. District Attorney Whitman will conduct the proceedings.

Retailers have raised prices because wholesalers did so, according to statements made at the prosecutor's office today. With wholesalers making the retailers pay more for their staples, one retail butcher said, retailers were forced to increase prices to the consumers to make any profit.

SUGAR MEN BEFORE JURY.

San Francisco Hotel Keepers Will Show Bills as Proof of Advance.

San Francisco, Aug. 18.—Robert O. Dearn, American sugar beet man, and A. A. Brown, of the California-Hawaiian Sugar Refining Company, were ordered today to appear Thursday before the Federal grand jury investigating the rise in price of food here. Managers of the foremost hotels of the city will bring their bills to show what increased prices they have paid since August 1st.

MILLERS DIDN'T DO IT.

Advance in Price of Wheat Caused Advance in Flour Says Agent.

Minneapolis, Aug. 18.—The recent advance in the price of flour was not due to arbitrary action of the millers, according to C. W. Sterlin, special agent for the Department of Justice, who completed an investigation of the flour market here today.

"The millers' explanation that the price is controlled largely by the price of wheat seems reasonable," Mr. Sterlin said.

"I have found no evidence of any arbitrary action or agreement to raise prices."

RELIEF BOAT IS BUSY WITH PLANS

(Continued from Page One.)

Write to Walter H. Page, American ambassador, and now Germany's representative in Berlin. The relief boat had little doubt that Germany would show her appreciation for the generosity of Falmouth and her citizens by footing the officers' hotel bills. The United States cruiser North Carolina took on board \$200,000 from the cruiser Tennessee which will sail tomorrow for Rotterdam with Mr. Breckinridge on board.

CHARLOTTE LADY IN LONDON.

Came From Berlin on Ambassador's Train—Resident Americans Remain. London, August 18.—Most of the American residents in Berlin will remain there, according to Mrs. Lucy Halliburton, of Charlotte, N. C., who left on the American ambassador's special train and arrived in London today.

The Americans, according to Mrs. Halliburton, feel secure in Berlin and do not fear a famine. Prices were raised slightly there, she said, but the banks cashed American travelers' checks without discount. English-speaking people were advised by the authorities not to use that language on the streets lest they be attacked by ignorant citizens.

Mrs. Halliburton said travelers from Germany were struck by the sudden exodus of Japanese prior to the issuance of Japan's ultimatum. All trains for the border carried Japanese, bound for England. They apparently had been notified of the impending crisis.

H. M. Hyndman, leader of the English Socialist, says members of his party have been unable to get any news regarding the German Socialist leaders. They credit, however, according to Hyndman, the report that Carl Liebknecht was tried and shot for refusing to serve with the German army.

Lumina Tonight. Mid-week Dance. Exhibition dancing. Moving pictures. (Advertisement.)

NEW DEVELOPMENT IN THE NELMS MYSTERY

Affidavits Ask Detention of Lawyer and His Wife.

Marshall Nelms, Brother of the Missing Woman of Atlanta, Files Affidavits in San Antonio, Texas.

San Antonio, Texas, August 18.—Affidavits filed in justice court here asking for the detention of Mr. and Mrs. Victor Innes, of Portland Ore., in connection with the mysterious disappearance of Mrs. Elois Nelms Denny, of Atlanta, Ga., were made public today.

The affidavits were filed by Marshall Nelms, brother of the missing woman, and are said to be based upon circumstantial evidence gathered for Nelms by R. L. Barnes, chief of the United States Bureau of Information, and Deputy Sheriff James Balbreath. The Nelms sisters disappeared from Atlanta last June and it was believed they came to this city. Innes was Mrs. Denny's attorney and obtained a divorce for her. He is said to be near Springfield, Ore., and a request for his detention was sent there.

On Country Farm. "As far as I know Mr. and Mrs. Innes are on their farm near Springfield, Ore.," John McCourt, attorney for Innes said today. "I have not been advised that either was to be arrested, though I anticipated that might happen on learning of investigations on foot in San Francisco. I communicated the facts regarding these investigations to Mr. Innes. I saw him last about three weeks ago."

Innes Is Arrested.

Eugene, Oregon, August 18.—Victor Innes, wanted in connection with the disappearance of Mrs. Elois Nelms Denny, and Miss Beatrice Nelms, of Atlanta, Ga., was arrested tonight by Sheriff Parker and Deputy Elkins, on the Innes farm near Leaburg, about 30 miles from here.

BRIEF REPORTS OF ACTIVITIES COME FROM EUROPE

(Continued from Page One.)

"You have to perform a task which will need your courage, your energy and your patience."

"You have to honor the honor of the British army depend on your individual conduct."

"It will be your duty not only to set an example of discipline and perfect steadiness under fire, but also to maintain the most friendly relations with those whom you are helping in this struggle."

"Operations in which you will be engaged will, for the most part, take place in a friendly country, and you can do your own country no better service than in showing yourself in France and Belgium the true character of a British soldier by being invariably courteous, considerate and kind."

"Never do anything likely to injure or destroy property and always look upon rioting as a disgraceful act."

"You are sure to meet with a welcome and to be trusted. Your conduct must justify that welcome and that trust."

"Your duty cannot be done unless your guard against any excesses."

"In this new experience you may find temptation both in wine and women. You must entirely resist both temptations and while treating all women with perfect courtesy you should avoid any intimacy."

"Do your duty bravely. Fear God and honor the king."

COLLIDED WITH BARK.

German Cruiser Severely Damaged—British Vessel at San Francisco.

San Francisco, August 18.—While the German cruiser Leipzig was putting to sea early today in charge of an American pilot she collided with the British steel bark Lord Templeton lying anchor in the stream. The Leipzig held the outward course, but the yards of the sailing vessel are believed to have carried away part of the wireless apparatus. The damage probably could be repaired at sea.

FRENCH CAPTURE AEROPLANE

German Craft Reported Captured—Pilot Killed, Officer Captured.

Paris, August 18.—"French troops have brought down a German aeroplane near Dinant, 14 miles south of Namur, Belgium. The pilot was killed and the observation officer taken prisoner. The machine was not damaged."

The foregoing official statement was issued here tonight and it was added the following:

"When our troops entered Blamont, department of Meurthe-et-Moselle, France, a few days ago they found notices posted on the walls that the next morning the mayor and prominent residents of the town would be shot. The sudden arrival of the French and the disorderly retreat of the Germans, however, saved these persons from death."

MAIL FOR EUROPE.

Is Being Despatched Several Times a Week, Says Mr. Burleson.

Washington, August 18.—Mail for Europe is being despatched several times a week, the Post Office Department announced today. Mail for Germany and Austria-Hungary is sent by steamers landing at ports in Italy, Norway, Holland or Denmark.

The American Line steamer Philadelphia, scheduled to sail tomorrow, will take mail for all parts of Europe except Germany and Austria-Hungary.

CARRY COAL TO EUROPE.

Two British Steamers Clear from Norfolk With the First Cargo.

Norfolk, Va., Aug. 18.—With cargoes of coal on board the British steamers Hopemore and Magdala sailed today for Toulon, France and Lisbon, Portugal, respectively. The Hopemore carried 5,678 tons, while the Magdala had 6,933 tons.

This is the first sailing of vessels with coal for the warring countries of Europe since the first declaration of war by Austria-Hungary.

THE GERMAN ACCOUNT.

Of Invasion of Alsace-Lorraine and the Fighting at Liege.

Berlin, via Copenhagen and London, Aug. 18.—The Wolff Bureau, the semi-official German news agency, today gave out the following account of the battle of Huelshausen:

"One and a half French army corps entered Alsace while our troops were concentrating. Nevertheless, we attacked the enemy, who was thrown back toward Belfort, but whose march afterward continued."

"A small section of artillery from Strasbourg was defeated and two batteries, which had been rendered useless were taken by the enemy, who then marched toward Schirmeck, eight miles from Saales Alsace."

"An investigation has been begun in an endeavor to ascertain if any treachery exists among the local population."

"A series of statements by the Liege situation is published from the headquarters of Gen. Stein, according to which French officers and perhaps French soldiers were sent to Liege before the war to instruct the Belgian troops in the defense of the fortifications."

"It was impossible to protest against this," says Gen. Stein, "but after the war began this conduct had to be regarded as an infraction of Belgian neutrality by France. We had to act with all speed and mobilized. Regiments were sent to the frontier and marched on Liege. Six weak brigades on a peace footing with some cavalry and artillery took Liege."

"The brigades were mobilized and they received as first reinforcements their own reserves. Two other regiments came later. Our mobilization had just finished. Our enemies thought 100,000 German were at Liege, owing to difficulties with the communications were unable to advance. This, however, was a mistake. There was another reason for the pause."

"Now, the forward march can be begun and our enemies will have an opportunity to convince themselves that the German forces are well supplied with goods and munitions."

"The enemy believed themselves secure in the forts, but the fire of our weakest big guns forced the forts to surrender or quickly demolished them, leaving the garrisons in the ruins."

"The Liege fortifications will no longer serve our enemies but will be a support to the German army."

"GOOD LUCK" AND "GOOD BYE"

French Reliance at Scotchmen Again

Pleasantest Part of the Campaign.

London, August 18.—To the Daily Telegraph comes a story from Boulogne of the experiences of the British soldiers there.

"The people of this city," said the dispatch, "have given over their ordinary requisitions to show their hospitality to the men of the British army who are on their way to the front."

"A Scotch battalion, first to leave for the battle line, first to be greeted everywhere with vast enthusiasm. All the townspeople have learned to use the English words 'Good luck' and 'Good bye.'"

"As the men swing down the hill to board the train, the crowd presses forward to shake the hands of each soldier and each delight at the Scotchman once more fighting for France."

"As the soldiers approach the station the sound of bag pipes, the crowd becomes more insistent, more enthusiastic. The soldiers march gaily and are even washed even by some old woman or young maid rushes out to bestow a kiss. This frequently happens, and amuses the crowd hugely."

"You can't help liking these big strapping fellows," one remarked, "one remarks 'die-hard' and we shall live up to our name when we meet the Germans."

"As they leave the crowd sings the Marseillaise to which the soldiers reply with 'God Save the King.'"

MUTINY IN AUSTRIA.

Mobilization Very Unpopular With Certain Classes There, Is Reported.

London, Aug. 18.—It is officially stated in Paris that the mobilization of the Austrian army was accompanied by much disorder and even mutiny in many places, owing to the unpopularity of the war among many classes of people.

This information is conveyed in a Paris dispatch to the Daily Telegraph which continues:

"In many parts of Austria enthusiasm for the war is completely lacking and the people complain bitterly against spending blood and money in a useless cause."

GERMAN TANKER AT NORFOLK.

Dodged British and French Cruisers for Twelve Days During Trip.

Norfolk, Va., Aug. 18.—The German tanker Dolphin, Capt. Kriete, has arrived in Hampton Roads, after dodging British and French warships for 12 days. The Dolphin left Hamburg July 29th, four days before war was declared.

For eight nights the Dolphin burned lights and kept her searchlight on the bridge for four days and nights without sleep. He ran his ship at full speed, and succeeded in eluding warships of England and France. He says his wireless operator heard several British warships exchanging wireless messages and from the distinct manner in which the message came in, the ships were not far off.

JOFFRE MAKES REPORT.

Declares That French Arms Have Been Successful in Alsace.

London, August 18.—In a dispatch from Paris the Daily Telegraph's correspondent sends a communication of General Joffre, commander-in-chief of the French forces, the French minister of war, declaring recent actions in Alsace.

"Summing up," the communication says, "we thus have obtained in the course of a few days several important successes which reflect the greatest honor on our troops, whose eagerness is incomparable."

"In all the actions of the last few days the Germans have suffered losses of men and material. Our artillery has the effect of demoralizing and crushing the enemy."

TWO MORE ARE DEAD.

Tragedy in "Love's Bungalow" Results in Death of Seven People.

Spring Green, Wis., Aug. 18.—Two more deaths today brought the fatalities of Saturday's tragedy in Frank Lloyd Wright's "Love Bungalow" up to seven. Only two of the nine occupants of the cottage when it was set on fire by Julian Carlton, the negro chef, are alive.

Thomas Brunker and David Lindbloom, Wright's gardener, died today.

REPUBLICANS OF NEW YORK GATHER

First Day of State Convention Passed Quietly

ROOT MAKES A SPEECH

Important Changes in the Fundamental Law of the State Are Contemplated in Tentative Platform Prepared.

Saratoga, N. Y., Aug. 18.—Important changes in the fundamental laws of the State of New York are contemplated in a tentative platform prepared for the Republican State convention now in session here.

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Addressing the New York Republican State Convention which met here today under the novel condition of being without power to nominate candidates for office, since the new primary law calls for their election by the voters of the party at the primary election on September 28, United States Senator Elihu Root, the temporary chairman, pointed out the most essential factors which might lead to Republican success this fall.

It is, as he noted, the first time in sixteen years that the Republican party of the State comes to the election of its State government and its national representatives as the party of opposition both in the State and nationally. The party was not to appeal, he said, to the voters of the State not only for a judgment upon the conduct of the government by the Democratic party at Albany, but also in Washington.

He charged that since the Democratic party took possession of the national government a year and a half ago, with a programme "by which they proposed to reduce the cost of living, to reduce the cost of living, and to give new life and prosperity to American industry and commerce," it had failed.

He took up particularly the experiments with the tariff, which he asserted had been carried out in a spirit of hostility to American industry and commerce. He pointed out that the tariff had been raised in many places, and that the result had been to increase the cost of living and to reduce the cost of living.

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ALL IN READINESS TO RECEIVE APPLICATIONS

N. C. Currency Association on Business Footing.

President Brown Returns From Washington With O. K. of Treasury Department—The Procedure Outlined—Raleigh News.

(Special Star Correspondence)

Raleigh, N. C., August 18.—The North Carolina National Currency Association is now ready to receive applications and securities for the issuance of additional currency to the maximum of 125 per cent of the capital and unimpaired surplus, these applications and securities to be passed on by the board elected by the association here last week and then forwarded to Washington for the approval of the Treasury Department.

President Joseph G. Brown is just back from Washington where he presented the credentials of the North Carolina Association and procured the official O. K. of the Treasury Department, putting the association on its full fledged business footing. The procedure now will be for member banks in this State to send their applications and securities to the association here. Then the examining board will pass on them and, when approved, forward them to Washington.

Thus far thirty of the seventy-two national banks in the State have joined the North Carolina Currency Association. Take by-laws also provide that State banks and trust companies that become members of the National Federal Reserve chain of banks may come into the association.

TWO MILLION DOLLARS' WORTH OF WORK DONE.

Kansas City, Mo., August 18.—Residents of 90 Missouri counties spent today improving the highways and when they were through it was estimated that Missouri roads had been improved to the extent of \$1,000,000 by the 150,000 volunteers.

muting about the policy to be followed by the party in selecting candidates so that the voters might act effectively at the primary election "with a common purpose to secure party success at the regular election."

He foresaw an unfortunate result if in each place the Republicans were to vote for the primary, "as they naturally might for residents of their own vicinity, or if the voters of one large place were to vote in that way, while the Republicans of all the rest of the State divided among a great number of candidates."

"Our opponents will have no such trouble," he continued. "More than one-half of the normal Democratic vote of the State is cast in the city of New York, and the great mass of those voters, following the directions of their local party organization will distribute the nominations as that organization directs. The voters in the Republican primary, scattered through sixty-two counties, unorganized, will follow nobody's direction, but will act each according to his own judgment, and it will be necessary that they themselves shall consider what will be the effect of their action in regard to the distribution of candidates."

For the chief officers, for which men widely known would be candidates, he saw less trouble over this geographical cohesion, but he believed it would be impossible for the voters to make up a list of fifteen delegates-at-large to the constitutional convention properly distributed throughout the State without some previous understanding. He looked upon the assembly of the convention to remedy this situation in part by drawing up recommendations, leaving the voters to accept as much or as little as they chose.

But the prevailing view in official and diplomatic quarters is that Germany cannot and will not accede to the demand. In that event, it is believed the garrison will make a determined resistance, with the prospect of slaughter against the overwhelming odds.

It is understood Germany would prefer to have the cables raised through Japan as an intermediary for China. This possibly may serve as the basis for an offer of compromise. But the little or no prospect that Japan would consider such a proposal even if it were made.

—Mr. F. H. McCullough, secretary and treasurer of Shepley's Chemical Company, returned last night from a business trip to Raleigh.

Delicious Concord Grapes—Phone your grocer.—Advertisement.

J. J. Callahan

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CONFERENCE IS TO BE HELD MONDAY

To Consider Plans to Move Cotton Crop.

Representative Men of the South Engaged in All Lines Interested in the Cotton Condition Will Be Invited.

Washington, August 18.—To establish close co-operation between cotton producers and manufacturers and banking interests of the country in the present emergency, Secretary McAdoo today called a conference to be held at the Treasury Department Monday. Members of the Federal Reserve Board, Secretaries McAdoo and Houston, Postmaster General Burleson and delegates representative of all branches of the cotton industry will take part.

Cotton producers today told Secretary McAdoo they estimated that out of this year's crops there would be 3,000,000 bales of cotton for which they now could see no market.

"I have called a conference," said Secretary McAdoo today, "to consider the cotton situation, to be held at the Treasury Department August 24, at 11 A. M., to which representative men in the different sections of the country interested in the production, financing and the manufacturing of cotton will be invited. The names of those who will be asked to attend are now under advisement and a list will be furnished in a few days."

Secretary Board Will Attend. "The secretary of agriculture and the postmaster general will join the secretary of the treasury in the conference. The Federal Reserve Board will be invited to attend as a body. The purpose of the conference will be to consider the general problem with a view to securing the largest possible degree of co-operation between the producers and the manufacturers of cotton and the banking interests of the country."

A delegation of representatives of cotton interests from the South, particularly from Louisiana, Alabama, Arkansas and Tennessee called on Secretary McAdoo today. They said that from the cotton to be harvested this fall there would be about 3,000,000 bales which they could not see any market at this time. They sought a practical discussion of the best way in which to take care of this cotton.

Secretary McAdoo told the delegation that they had the sympathetic interest of the administration and that the forthcoming conference was being called for the purpose of considering the subject.

AMERICANS VOLUNTEER.

Airman and Civil Engineer Take Service in French Army.

Paris, Aug. 18.—R. Neale Smith, of Baltimore, an airman who was with Hubert Latham in his American flights and who was a member of the French military aviation corps. His offer has been accepted and he will leave for the front next week.

Adolphe Helweg, an American civil engineer who volunteered for service with the French military aviation corps. He is in France, finishing the Rouen railroad terminus has volunteered and been accepted as a French military engineer. He will be commissioned as an officer.

London, August 18.—An official despatch to the French embassy says: "The Germans have abandoned Serrebourg where they were strongly established with heavy artillery."

SHIPPING AMENDMENT IS MADE A LAW.

FOREMAN GUILTY OF CARELESSNESS

Caused Death of State Convict at Whitney Camp

CRAIG MAKES REPORT

Governor Makes Public His Findings Following Inspection—Criticism Superintendent and Guards. Mann Indignant.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., Aug. 18.—In a statement issued this evening, Governor Craig gave his findings in the inspection of the convict camp at Whitney which he visited some days ago. As to the death of two convicts from being overheated July 11th, the Governor says that it seems to him Superintendent Busbee should have called in a physician immediately to treat the second man ill when the first had died, Busbee claiming, however, that the second convict was up and insisting he was better that evening, but died later in the night rather suddenly without previously complaining to the extent of requiring an urgent call for a physician.

The convicts who died from heat were Sam Taylor and Slocumb Hare. They had been working in a deep cut on the side of the mountain. There have since been prescribed rigid "hot weather" rules to guard against overheating prisoners.

The Governor says he found the foreman, S. J. McNeill, guilty of carelessness in the death of convict Will Washington last May in that McNeill ordered the convict to dig a big stone that had hung on a big rock pile from the bottom of which pile stones were being taken to load on cars. It should have been clear to any observer that the stone would fall on the man, the Governor thinks, and, furthermore, he points out that it is the duty of the guards and foreman to look out for the safety of the men under them. The stone fell across Washington's breast and crushed him to death. The Governor adds that another convict, R. J. Lilly, had his foot crushed in much the same manner so his leg had to be amputated, and insists that their foremen were guilty of culpable negligence when directing convicts to perform dangerous work. He finds that injuries to other convicts at the camp were purely accidental.

Plain Talk from the Governor.

The Governor says: "These convicts are forced to work. They have no choice. The obligation is upon the superintendent and upon the foremen to exercise a high degree of care for their protection and safety, care commensurate with the danger of the work. This in my opinion has not been done in the instances stated. The work could be done with reasonable safety and the State is under the most solemn obligation to guard with care the life and limbs of the prisoners in its keeping."

"The policy of the prison management will not be to assign prisoners to any work unless it can be done with reasonable safety. In my opinion the work at Whitney can be done with reasonable safety if proper precautions are observed. Since my visit to the camp an experienced man has been employed whose sole duty it is to look after the safety of the convicts, prevent them from working under dangerous conditions and a capable prisoner has been assigned to assist him in looking out for the safety of his fellow prisoners. The first object of the management is to treat the prisoners humanely and throw around them all possible protection."

A Conference Held.

(Special Star Correspondence.) Raleigh, N. C., Aug. 18.—Chairman H. B. Varner, of the State's prison board, was here today in conference with Governor Craig and Superintendent Mann, of the State's prison. While no statement was given out, it is understood that they considered especially recent publications of charges made by Rev. Sidney Love, secretary of the North Carolina Prisoners' Aid Society, with reference to mistreatment of prisoners at the Whitney and other camps.

Superintendent Mann Indignant.

Supt. J. S. Mann, of the State's prison, is indignant at publications in the Raleigh papers of statements from Rev. Sidney Love, the secretary of the North Carolina Prisoners' Aid Society, retreating charges of bad conditions and mismanagement of the State convict camp at Whitney. Mann has replied in a lengthy statement in which he directs attention to the fact that Governor Craig, Dr. W. S. Rankin, of the State Board of Health, and others, made a personal inspection of the camp recently, the camp having met their approval after compliance with some suggestions by Dr. Rankin for improving the sanitary conditions. He insists that there is no ground in charges that prisoners are whipped by the guards at pleasure or that there is any mistreatment or effort to frighten them into enduring mistreatment without protest to authorities.

Who'll Answer for the Fifth?

Secretary of State J. Bryan Grimes is anxious to ascertain for Capt. J. C. Payne, of Wilkesbarre, Pa., the identity of some member of the Fifth North Carolina regiment who lost a fine rapier on the battle ground around Williamsburg. It was picked up by Captain Payne where the Fifth North Carolina regiment fought. Captain Payne was a member of the staff of General Hancock.

Robeson Boy Pardoned.

Governor Craig granted a pardon for Roy Haynes, of Robeson county, today, the pardon being from the remainder of a twelve months' sentence for forcible trespass, imposed last December. The pardon is conditioned on good behavior. The Governor finds that the boy, who was only sixteen years old, had no serious intent in committing the offense and the view is taken that the lad had been sufficiently punished by eight months of road service. Court officers recommend the pardon.

Another pardon is for Robert Reeves, Union county, who has served two years of a three years' sentence for breaking into a store. In this case the prisoner was only fifteen and one-half years old when sentenced and the Governor considers that he has been sufficiently punished.

The Secretary of State issues a charter for The Eureka Drug Company, of Winston-Salem, capital \$10,000 authorized and \$1,000 subscribed by C.

DEMOCRATS ENDORSE ROOSEVELT

Forty-Eight of the Faithful "Confer" in Greensboro

Declare for State-wide Legalized Primary for All Parties on Same Day. Cowles for Senate.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Greensboro, N. C., Aug. 18.—After those not belonging to the "household of faith" and had been eliminated, 48 Progressives and Roosevelt Republicans composed the joint "conference" in the parlors of the McAdoo Hotel this afternoon that nominated Charles H. Cowles, ex-congressman from the Eighth district, for United States Senator, and adopted resolutions endorsing the policies of Colonel Roosevelt, declaring for a State-wide primary for all candidates of all parties, and also for a protective tariff.

In opening the convention, Mr. Walser made a keynote speech of about five minutes, in which he vigorously assailed the Democratic administration and as vigorously praised Colonel Roosevelt. He was glad to welcome so many staunch friends of the Colonel, whether they came in the name of Progressive or Roosevelt Republicans.

When Chairman Walser had concluded his remarks, National Committeeman J. N. Williamson, Jr., moved that all persons not either Roosevelt Republican or Progressive be excluded from the meeting. The motion prevailed.

Editor E. E. Britton, of the News and Observer, City Editor Plummer of the Daily News, The Star's correspondent and two of the others retired. John Shultz was named as door-keeper.

At 4 o'clock, the convention came to a close, owing to the precipitous departure of a number of delegates leaving for the East-bound train and the fact that all of the business of the conference had been transacted. It was then learned by outsiders that the convention had transacted the business detailed below.

Here's What They Did.

Following the closing of the doors, the committee on resolutions and procedure reported. In this report, the call was endorsed as published in the State newspapers, and the following resolutions unanimously adopted.

"Resolved, That we heartily endorse Colonel Theodore Roosevelt and his policies."

"Resolved, That we hereby declare ourselves in favor of a State-wide primary for all candidates of all parties for elective officers, to be held on the same day at the expense of the State."

Cowles for the Altar.

Clyde Ebeby, of Newbern, nominated ex-congressman Charles H. Cowles, of North Wilkesboro, for United States Senator. The nomination was seconded by J. W. Kurfess, of Germantown, and Mr. Cowles was nominated.

Amendments Proposed.

Amendments were proposed by Prof. G. W. Bryan, Durham; Col. B. F. Keith, Wilmington; Claude Bernard, Raleigh; V. N. Seawell, Raleigh.

Congressional Convention Called.

Chairman John T. Benbow, of Winston-Salem, has called a convention of the Republicans of the Fifth district, to meet here Wednesday night, to select a candidate for Congress. The delegates will come here for that convention and then move on to Raleigh for the State convention Thursday. Among the names mentioned for the honor are Former District Attorney A. E. Holton, of Winston-Salem; D. H. Blair, of the same city, and Samuel Marshall, of Mount Airy.

Two of Same Name.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Kinston, N. C., Aug. 18.—The fact that there are two Louis Smiths on the Sheldahl mail route prevented a jail delivery from the Pitt county prison, it developed today. A negro named Murphy in the jail wrote to the Smiths asking him to tell Murphy's wife to go to Washington for hack saws, which he intended to have secretly carried into his cell.

The wrong Louis Smith received the letter and showed it to the mail carrier.

The saws were received, and a deputy sheriff surprised the prisoners in the act of cutting the wire. They had sawed through the bolts in a window when the officer arrived upon the scene. They confessed that Louis Smith, a resident in the Black Jack section, furnished the tools, and Smith has been arrested.

On Account of Demoralization of the Bond Market.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Kinston, N. C., Aug. 18.—The European war has, by disconcerting affairs in the bond market, had the effect of postponing the extensive municipal improvements authorized by an election in Kinston June 25. After City Council had rejected all offers for the \$100,000 issue when advertised for bids were opened in July, the administrative heads were authorized to make a private sale.

Not the Governor's Appointment.

Governor Craig announces that he will not make any appointment to fill the vacancy on the board of directors of the Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad caused by the death of the late Henry Weil, of Goldsboro, for the reason that Mr. Weil was a director on the part of the private stockholders. Under the charter this road has eight directors on the part of the State and four on the part of the private stockholders.

The charter provides that when vacancies occur the directors shall fill the vacancies and that in the case of the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. Weil it is clearly the proper course for the board of directors to elect his successor on recommendation of the other directors on the part of the private stockholders. The Governor has received a number of applications for this appointment.

Delicious Concord Grapes—Phone your grocer.—Advertisement.

REPUBLICANS AT SUPPLY

Brunswick County Convention Names Delegates—Nominates Ticket Later—Southport News.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Southport, N. C., Aug. 18.—Yesterday noon, at Supply, this county, according to call, the delegates named at the different Republican precincts on last Saturday met in convention, which was called to order by D. R. Johnson, chairman of the county executive committee. On motion he was made chairman and C. Ed Taylor secretary, of the permanent organization.

On the call for credentials, the committee reported every precinct, except one, represented in person by delegates, the attendance being larger than usual in this respect. On motion, the following delegates were elected to attend the Republican State Convention, which meets at Raleigh, on Thursday, this week: J. J. Knox, Geo. E. Brooks, J. A. Stanley, C. Ed Taylor, Elisha Sellers, C. N. Phillips, Albert D. R. Johnson, John F. Somerset, John Jenrette, D. G. Hewitt, Levi Swain, R. E. Mercer.

Delegates were also named for the district congressional and senatorial conventions, to attend the same, when these are called. The convention recommended that there be a mass meeting of the county Republicans held at Supply, September 24, for the purpose of nominating a ticket for county officers.

Work on Coal Pier.

The work of enclosing the pilings of the W. R. & S. coal pier with concrete to save them from the termites has begun. Casings are built of wood around each piling, these sunk a foot or more below the ground and the space between the casing and piling filled with concrete. After hardening, the casing is removed and the pilings have the appearance of being solid masonry.

The Carolina C. P. Company's fishing steamer John L. Lawrence arrived yesterday, and went up the river to the company's plant, where the crew were paid, having been away nearly a month. The Lawrence has been fishing off the Florida coast, and taking the menhaden catches to the factory at Fulton, Florida. These catches are small, but the men are very fat, and would be fine eating with the new sweet potatoes just coming to market, if the latter were not about out of sight as to price, retailing in small quantities equal to \$3 per bushel.

Can't See How Germany Can Possibly Suffer Loss.

Arthur Spiegl Expresses His Views of the European Situation.

Kinston, N. C., Aug. 18.—Arthur Spiegl doesn't see how Germany can lose the war. He is a great admirer of the German people and their fighting spirit. He says that the German people are not only brave, but they are also very intelligent. He says that the German people are not only brave, but they are also very intelligent. He says that the German people are not only brave, but they are also very intelligent.

Regular Dinners and Suppers That Carry Everything in Season. Short orders a Specialty.

Shepard Bros., 113 Princess Street, Proprietors. Phone 150.

Terrible Itching Cured by Saxo Salve.

Hopkinsville, Ky.—"For 20 years I suffered with eczema of the scalp. I tried every eczema remedy on the market without benefit. But after using one tube of Saxo Salve I am free from that terrible itching for the first time in 20 years. I wish every eczema sufferer could know about Saxo Salve."—T. F. Thompson, Hopkinsville, Ky.

If we can't cure your skin trouble with our Saxo Salve and Saxo Soap you will buy back the empty tube.

Robert R. Bellamy, Druggist.

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SCENIC ROUTE TO THE WEST. Two Fast Vestibule Trains With Dining Car Service.

Through Pullman Sleepers to Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis.

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Ar. Louisville . . . 11:30am 4:30pm 8:30pm

Ar. Cincinnati . . . 8:20am 10:30am 5:00pm

Ar. Chicago . . . 5:30pm 7:30pm 1:10am

Ar. St. Louis . . . 7:45pm 10:00pm 12:00am

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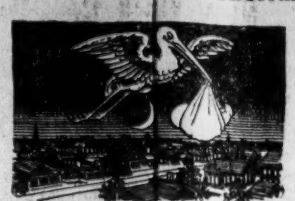
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THE DIAMOND BRAND. Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chichester's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold Metallic Boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbons.

Take no other. Buy of your Druggist or send for a box of 25 Pills to Chichester, 609 N. 3rd St., Philadelphia, Pa.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

Planning for the Stark's Arrival



Among those things which all women should know of, and many of them do, is a splendid external application sold in most drug stores under the name of "Mother's Friend." It is a penetrating liquid and many a mother tells how it so wonderfully aided them through the period of expectancy. Its chief purpose is to render the tendons, ligaments and muscles so pliant that nature's expansion may be accomplished without the intense strain so often characteristic of the period of expectancy. "Mother's Friend" may therefore be considered as indirectly having a splendid influence upon the early disposition of the future generation.

Whatever induces the ease and comfort of the mother should leave its impress upon the nervous system of the baby. At any rate it is reasonable to believe that since "Mother's Friend" has been a companion to motherhood for more than half a century it must be a remedy that women have learned the great value of.

Ask at any drug store for "Mother's Friend," a penetrating, external liquid of great health and value. And write to Readfield Regulator Co., 402 Centre Bldg., Atlanta, Ga., for their book of useful and timely information.

For Rent

Modern two-story building, No. 12 Market street, formerly occupied by D. Newman & Son. Possession given October 1st. For information address

SAMUEL BEAR, SR., & SONS Box 3, Wilmington, N. C.

THE WAR HAS COME

WE ARE HERE TO STAY.

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RUN BY AMERICANS. FRIENDLY TO ALL NATIONS.

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SCENIC ROUTE TO THE WEST. Two Fast Vestibule Trains With Dining Car Service.

Through Pullman Sleepers to Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis.

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THE DIAMOND BRAND. Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chichester's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold Metallic Boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbons.

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DEPARTURES:	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
No. 90. 1:30 A.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad. No. 91 leaves Norfolk 3:40 P. M. and Richmond 11:40 P. M.	No. 91. 1:15 A.M.
No. 51. 5:25 A.M.	Chadbourne, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M. and may be occupied until 7:00 A. M.	No. 50. 12:45 A.M.
No. 64. 1:50 A.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 65. 1:05 P.M.
No. 43. 8:30 A.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. Pullman Parlor Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Norfolk with New York trains with Pullman Service.	No. 49. 6:05 P.M.
No. 53. 8:45 A.M.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford, commencing June 15. Pullman Parlor Cars between Wilmington and Greensboro.	No. 52. 8:05 P.M.
No. 62. 1:20 P.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 63. 12:50 P.M.
No. 57. 6:30 P.M.	Chadbourne, Florence, Conway and Intermediate stations.	No. 55. 9:25 A.M.
No. 55. 3:45 P.M.	Chadbourne, Conway, Florence, Augusta, Atlanta and the West. Charleston, Savannah, Ft. Myers, Columbia, Asheville and the West. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington, Augusta and Atlanta.	No. 54. 12:50 P.M.
No. 69. 6:30 P.M.	Fayetteville and Intermediate stations.	No. 60. 10:15 A.M.
No. 42. 6:45 P.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Parlor, Buffet Sleeping Cars, between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains, with Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41. 10:00 A.M.
No. 68. 6:30 P.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 66. 10:15 A.M.

* Daily. 1 D Daily except Sunday. 6 Sunday only. A Daily except Monday.

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AT 8:00 P. M. Train will leave here at 7:00 A. M.

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Separate cars will be provided for white and colored passengers.

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Whole Corn; Cracked Corn; Several grades of Oats; No. 1 Timothy Hay; Dan Patch Molasses Feed, none better. International Feed, a little cheaper. But—Jewel Feed. All at prices that will satisfy the Purchaser.

A few bags of Seed Rye.

Jos. H. Watters WILMINGTON, N. C.

TO THE BEACH

Suburban Schedule In Effect Saturday, June 6, 1914

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the
WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC.,
Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second class matter at
the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., un-
der Act of Congress March 2nd, 1879.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT
PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest
daily newspaper in North Carolina, is
published daily and mailed to subscrib-
ers outside the city at \$6 per year;
\$4 for six months; \$1.50 for three
months; or served by carrier in the
city at 60c per month, or when paid
in advance, \$7.00 per year; \$3.50 for
six months; \$1.75 for three months.

THE SUNDAY STAR by mail, one
year, \$1.50; six months, 80 cents; three
months, 45 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had
on application, and advertisers may
feel assured that through the columns
of this paper they may reach all Wil-
mington, Eastern Carolina and con-
tiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks,
communications espousing the cause of
a private enterprise or a political can-
didate and like matter will be charged
at the rate of 10 cents per line, to per-
sons carrying a regular account, or 15
cents per line in advance. A half rate will
be allowed. Announcements of fairs,
festivals, balls, hops, picnics, excu-
sions, society meetings, political meet-
ings, etc., will be charged under the
same conditions except 50 cents there-
of as may be of news value to the
readers of the paper, in the discretion
of the editors.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No.
61. Editorial and Local Rooms, No.
61. Call either if the other does not answer.
COMMUNICATIONS, unless they con-
tain important news, or discuss brief-
ly and properly subjects of real inter-
est, are not wanted; and, if acceptable
in every other way, they will inad-
vertently be rejected unless the real name
of the author accompanies the same,
not necessarily for publication, but as
a guarantee of good faith.

ALL DRAFTS, checks, express money
orders and postal money orders for
the paper should be made payable and
all communications should be ad-
dressed to
THE WILMINGTON STAR CO.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 19, 1914.

Have you got it doped out?

The dies are cast in aggrandize.

Will they put the kibosh on Rosh?

The news from the Orient will be
yellow.

The greater the power the more pow-
er it needs.

Hoch der skirmish! Better that than
a monster battle.

No monopoly was ever organized for
purposes of benevolence.

The worst is yet to come but no
wonderwurst can come to us.

Pleasant memories—when most of
the world was at peace just 80 days
ago.

Besides being good for bathing, Hol-
land makes use of water to shut out
hostile invaders.

We might have expected that there
would be something shocking in the
Amsterdam reports.

It would take a long time for a war
correspondent to get all the facts about
a battle 266 miles long.

All women everywhere are heroines.
No woman was ever known to get on
both sides of any question.

It is announced that "the Russians
have captured the town of Sokal." We
guess they got all the old soldiers of
Sokal.

The Europeans are our kinsmen. We
are descendants of the same people
who are the ancestors of those now
engaged in war.

Each fellow has it all doped out for
himself. Each tries to tell the other
about it, and all money along no wiser
than they were before.

Secretary Bryan has sent to each
Senator two volumes of his speeches
on peace. The Bryan view will make
popular literature in all the world from
now till the end of time.

It is said that the Germans have
resolved to use no more English
words, not even in conversation. Prob-
ably that is what the censor doped up
for the war correspondents.

The horse no longer sniffs the bat-
tle from afar. The automobile runs
ahead on land to find the battle lines,
while aeroplanes will circle above to
mark the locations of the fortresses,
the batteries and the army camps.

We have to maintain the neutrality
of the Panama Canal and its ap-
proaches. Both mouths of the canal
have teeth and none of the belligerent
powers are likely to try to violate a
neutrality that Uncle Sam has as his
job.

The French military authorities deny
all newspapers to their soldiers, but
are publishing a daily newspaper for
the benefit of the army. The French-
men are accustomed to romance, so
they will have to read between the
lines.

Armies composed of men send pickets
to the front. The pickets keep under
cover and watch for the approach of
the enemy. A line of nargers would
bring on a fight before the plans for
battle could be completed.

Just now Colonel Roosevelt is op-
erating along the New England frontier
but owing to the aggressiveness of
Boss Penrose in Pennsylvania he will
soon invade that State to wrest the
keystone from the possession of those
who refuse to stand at Armageddon.

Says the Norfolk Virginian-Pilot:
"The Charlotte News hears that a
North Carolina newspaper man was
robbed of three hundred dollars in
London. Manifestly and preposterously
impossible." It might appear so, but
it is quite well understood that North
Carolina newspaper men have a habit
of carrying their small change in their
vest pocket.

ANOTHER PLAN TO AID COMMERCE

The Star already has said that the
New York plan to secure government
insurance to cover war risks on ships
and cargoes engaged in carrying
American commerce would prove a
great factor in meeting the war emer-
gency that has put a stop to the great
export traffic of the United States.
That is the plan of the business trade,
shipping and banking interests of the
country, recently adopted in New York
where plans were formulated for pre-
sentation to Secretary of the Treasury
McAdoo.

Sixty-two such representatives at-
tended the conference with Secretary
McAdoo in Washington last Friday
and he presided over the meeting. It
was attended by Secretary Houston,
Secretary Redfield and other govern-
ment officials, members of the Federal
Reserve Board, Representative Carter
Glass, chairman of the House Bank-
ing and Currency committee; Senator
Owen, chairman of the Senate Com-
mittee on Banking and Currency, and
others. The conference was received
by President Wilson, who talked over
the situation with the representatives
at the conference.

It was the consensus of opinion of
the conference and many government
officials that the three pressing ques-
tions were the restoration of the mar-
ket for foreign bills of exchange, the
provision of means for transporting
grain, cotton and other merchandise
abroad and war risk insurance. Sev-
eral of the representatives expressed
the opinion that in connection with
the passage of the pending bill for the
registry of ships under the American
flag the Government should undertake
to insure ships flying the American
flag against war risk. Such an under-
taking of war risk insurance should be
temporary, it was said, and purely to
meet the pending emergency, and
should be conducted upon a business
basis, the government to receive pre-
miums for the insurance issued. It was
stated that with the enlarged regis-
try of American ships and action by
the government supplementing what
private companies might be able to do
in connection with insurance the ques-
tion of exports of grain and cotton and
of foreign exchange would rapidly
solve themselves.

Foreign exchange, it was declared,
will find its equilibrium when the United
States gets the ships and moves
the grain. To illustrate the pressing
needs representatives at the confer-
ence called attention to the conges-
tion of American grain and other at-
ticles at the seaports and in the inter-
ior awaiting transportation. It was
pointed out that Great Britain, France
and Belgium are now insuring the ves-
sels and cargoes flying their respec-
tive flags against war risks. In order
to provide workable means of co-op-
erating with the government the con-
ference resolved itself into a commit-
tee, with Seth Low as chairman, and
adopted a line of procedure.

The plan was approved and resolu-
tions were adopted by the conference
looking to the necessary legislation
from Congress to take this step to re-
store the country's export and import
trade. The insurance plan, together
with the act of Congress passed on
Monday to admit foreign built ships
to American registry, ought to quick-
ly revive our commerce and bring
about the movement of cotton and
grain.

There is, however, every reason to
believe that foreign ships will soon
take to the ocean again, the single ex-
ception being German and Austrian
merchant ships. Evidently the navies
of Great Britain, France and Japan
will so dominate the ocean that there
is little likelihood of seizure of ship-
ping by the German and Austrian na-
vies. In fact, the navies of those bel-
ligerents will be run into protected
ports where they can be conserved for
whatever naval operations those two
war powers contemplate during the
balance of the war.

CHANCE TO BUY SHIPS.
Congress on Monday passed the
emergency shipping bill, which, to a
great extent, ought to increase the
American merchant marine. There
was strong opposition to it on the part
of some Senators and Representatives
and by the American shipping monop-
oly, but Congress recognized the fact
that this country now faces a condi-
tion and could not possibly face it if
in this emergency it would stand back
on the theories advanced by those who
contend that such a course will be de-
trimental to American shipping.

The bill admits foreign built ships
to American registry, which carries
the right to fly the American flag and
receive protection from the United
States on the high seas. Under that
bill it is quite likely a number of for-
eign built ships will be purchased by
American shipping firms, but the ac-
quisition of first class ships in that
way will be so slow that no harm will
be done to American shipping inter-
ests, including the ship building indus-
try.

Indeed, it will bring about such an
expansion of American commerce that
it will help all classes of shipping and
be of decided advantage to the rail
carriers which have to be depended upon
to haul exports and imports to and
from the ports.

What the foreign commerce of the
country needs right now is ships in
which to resume and keep up its for-
eign trade, which went by the board
when the merchant ships of the na-
tions at war in Europe went off the
high seas. Any measure that will in-
crease our ocean traffic is bound to
help shipping, and, besides, it will pre-
vent monopolistic combinations of the
shipping interests. Perhaps a number
of real good ships can be purchased

right away, as thus pointed out by the
Baltimore Sun:

"The Hamburg-American Line's an-
nouncement that it is considering of-
fers for some of its steamers empha-
sized our opportunity to secure at
once the nucleus of an American mer-
chant marine. A number of its ves-
sels are shut up in our ports, and as
soon as the legislation pending in Con-
gress is passed could be immediately
taken over, if the German owners will
sell. How many we can get is not im-
limited, but the greater the danger
from British warships the larger the
number which the company will be
likely to dispose of. If the British war-
vessels cover the Atlantic routes so
closely that no legitimate vessel can
get through, it might be wiser to sell
even the Vaterland than to have it
captured or kept idle in our waters in-
definitely. Perhaps the Hamburg-
American Line has two or three vessels
that Baltimore could utilize in her
South American or trans-Atlantic
trade. The business men's conference
at the City Hall might take this possi-
bility into consideration when it meets
this week."

Thus we see that the ports them-
selves may take advantage of the new
law, if they have the commercial en-
terprise to buy ships for their ocean
trade. Certainly, that is one way that
Baltimore or any other port can build
up its commerce, by providing the
means for direct trade in its own bot-
toms.

American commerce will grow and
our merchant marine expand when we
begin to carry foreign trade in our
own ships. We have given protection
to American ships till it has stifled
the American merchant marine, and
this from the Philadelphia Record is
quite to the point in that connection:

"What has the protective system
done for us? What have we made by
it? It has been applied with medieval
severity to our shipping for most of
our national life, and it hasn't given
us a merchant marine. It has given
us a coastwise fleet, but not a fleet
of which belongs to the railroads, so
that we get no real competition, but
when an emergency comes and we
might expect to use some of the 5,000
to 20,000-ton steamers of the trans-
atlantic trade they are not to be had. Is
it because all of them belong to the
railroads? We have applied the pro-
tective system to dyestuffs in order
to make our textile industries inde-
pendent, and yet when trade with Ger-
many is cut off we are told that our
textile factories are completely depen-
dent on German laboratories."

Owing to the war in Europe, ocean
carrying rates have increased from 75
to 300 per cent, hence the war is a tre-
mendous tax on any commerce that we
could do. The quicker we relieve that
condition the better it will be for all
interests in this country.

THE DAY FOR ADVERTISING.

Printers' Ink emphasizes the fact that
advertisers now have the opportunity
of their lives to catch the eye of the
public. Owing to intense public in-
terest in the war in Europe, more peo-
ple are reading the daily papers than
ever before in the history of the coun-
try. They want the war news, and the
papers are so generally interesting
in all their features that they are not
only read for the news but the adver-
tisements as well. Printers' Ink sums
it all up in this way:

"The circulation of daily newspa-
pers has increased ten to twenty-five
per cent, since the beginning of the
war scare. When pressmen are sleep-
ing in the news rooms in order to be
ready for emergencies, it indicates a
pretty consuming interest on the part
of the public. Not only, in our opinion,
does this increase in circulation more
than offset the danger that readers will
become too absorbed in the war news
to read the advertising, but the fact
that some advertisers have dropped out
affords all the greater opportunity
to those wise enough to stick. More
people are spending more time reading
newspapers today than at any time
since the 'Tenth Congressional' war. We
place little weight upon the theory that
readers are too absorbed in details of a
foreign war to pay attention to announce-
ments, which affect their immediate
needs."

The war has brought in subscribers
by the hundreds to The Star, and its
circulation has tremendously increas-
ed both in the city and the country.
People who never took a daily are mak-
ing haste to get their names on the
Star's subscription list. It entails a
heavy burden on the circulation and
mailing departments, but the increas-
ed facilities of the establishment en-
able us to meet all the demands.

Recently hundreds of subscribers
have come in from all the rural
routes and every railway station, ev-
ery hamlet and every town in a radius
of a hundred miles has swelled the
list.

The live advertiser now has the
chance of his life. He will get more
for his money than he ever got before.

THE COTTON SITUATION.

The plan suggested at the meeting
of Wilmington business men yesterday
afternoon with reference to the cotton
situation and as crystallized in the
preamble and resolutions prepared by
Mr. J. A. Taylor and unanimously
adopted by the meeting, strikes us as
about the most feasible thing that has
yet been done for the real all the
growers and merchants in the present
crisis.

Nothing was ever truer than that an
all-wise Providence helps those who
help themselves and just now the mer-
chant in the small town or shipping
point and the growers have it within
their own power to control the situa-
tion for their own benefit. Will they
do it? It is up to the leaders in each
community to read carefully the plan
as proposed by the Wilmington busi-
ness men, more of which we shall have
to say tomorrow.

The world will be made sick of war.

The Baltimore Sun speaks the truth
when it declares that the greatest ar-
gument for peace that has been pre-
sented for a century is the present
European war. Surely the world, Chris-
tian and Pagan, will get its fill
of war this time. The Sun correctly
concludes that "the longer it is con-

tinued the stronger will be its pacific
logic."

Says the Savannah News: "Indica-
tions are that Baron Munchausen is
dean of the European war correspond-
ents." Hardly. The baron would have
to be censured for letting the Germans
have a showing in the news. We are
still satisfied that Monseur Ananias is
on the job in London.

Sir Edward Grey, of England, says
the war may last twenty years. That
would be decidedly complimentary to
Germany and Austria, which have to
fight Great Britain, France, Russia,
Japan, Belgium, Serbia and Montene-
gro all at one time.

The Czar of Russia is making all
sorts of promises to the Poles if they
will only prove loyal and fight for the
empire. The Poles may conclude that
they do not care to go any further
money for the Czar who thinks of them
only when he is in distress.

CURRENT COMMENT.

For years The Record has been try-
ing to discourage the practice of send-
ing a wagon around the streets with a
big cow bell to advertise the baseball
games, but has not with poor success.
Once or twice the wagon, the bell, the
horse or the driver, has been disabled
and it was not used, on which occa-
sions the home team always won out,
but when the outfit is seen pringling
around town as it was this morn-
ing, put us down for a licking. Pete
Boyle should secure an injunction
against its use.—Greensboro Record.

The project for advances by the gov-
ernment of New York banks to enable
the cotton growers to hold their cot-
ton till export channels shall be op-
ened is a defensible remedy for an un-
precedented emergency that will soon
be over. The proposition of the Cot-
ton Congress lately in session in Wash-
ington, that the government should
advance 30 per cent of the value of
the cotton for six months, with an op-
tion of 12, is altogether different. It
is wholly impracticable, and is merely
a slightly disguised form of the Popu-
lar government warehouse scheme
of a century of a century ago.—Phila-
delphia Record.

There is no inclination among
Democrats of the Tenth Congressional
District to disguise the fact that they
need some getting together after the
bitter fight waged between Represen-
tative Gudgeon and Solicitor Reynolds.
There will be no difficulty about this,
so far as Mr. Reynolds himself is con-
cerned. He has before now shown
himself a good loser. He will bide his
time until the primaries of two years
hence, when he and Mr. Gudgeon will
each prepare to finance another fray.
Meanwhile all Democrats will stand
shoulder to shoulder so far as they
can be influenced by the two late op-
ponents of the cotton industry. The
Democratic machine will stand the
test of a century of a century ago.—Phila-
delphia Record.

There is some difference of opinion
in the cotton industry as to who will
be the effect of the cotton futures bill
which has passed both houses of Con-
gress and has been sent to the Presi-
dent. It is expected to become law
within a few days, marking the culmi-
nation of efforts extending over many
years to put an end to some methods
of dealing in cotton futures that were
considered inimical to the interests of
the producer and seller of the staple.
Exchanges will be permitted to deal
only in officially standardized grades
of cotton and in the settling of con-
tracts on a cash basis the commercial
differences that prevail in live actual
spot cotton markets will determine the
prices of the different grades. Pen-
alty for violation of the law is heavy
enough to assure its strict enforce-
ment, for upon each contract that does
not conform to its provisions a fine
of two cents a pound will be levied.—
Savannah News.

In an article in this paper today
which has to do with matters of the
war in Europe with relation to this
country, Mr. D. A. Tompkins, of Char-
lotte, of Richmond, Va., who has the best
facturing world, makes a statement
that shows the high place assigned the
constructive work of the Wilson ad-
ministration in the matter of the new
currency law. Discussing the matter
of the proper thing to be done with
reference to cotton, how to get our
raw cotton to the mills which continue
to be operated in Europe, and how to
get our manufactured goods there, he
rightly says that the people of Europe
cannot go without clothes, and that
the European government will have
to make arrangements to get them
there, then: "Added to this is the fact
that the new banking system is just
going into effect, and this provides
ample credit from the government to
the farmer through banking channels
to make it easy to carry and handle
cotton in any way he desires, or can
arrange with his local banker. Here-
tofore the farmer has had the best bank-
ing system in the world, and it has
had its influence on the farming inter-
est. This new banking system in
America seems to outstrip that of
France in its influence to develop the
interests of the farmer." The high
praise which Mr. Tompkins gives the
Glass-Owen currency bill is praise
fully justified. Another statement of
interest right now is Mr. Tompkins'
view that the war in Europe is a com-
mercial war, that at the very bottom
of it is the conflicting trade interests
between the great powers of Europe;
that this is so, though admitting that
there is also in it the racial question,
the clash between Slav and Teuton,
and the antagonism which has come
between a liberal form of government
on the one side and an autocratic gov-
ernment on the other. The views set
forth in the article will be read with
interest.—Raleigh News and Observer.

Most of these accounts of fighting
in the North Sea are brought in by
fishermen, which settles the thing in
the negative.—Charlotte News.

Directories Received by Chamber.

The Chamber of Commerce has re-
ceived from the Hill Directory Com-
pany, of Richmond, Va., which pub-
lishes the Wilmington city directory,
directories of the following cities:
Pittsburgh, Boston, Omaha, Dallas, Ha-
ville, Alexandria, Albany, Charlotte-
ville, Knoxville, Lynchburg, San Fran-
cisco, Staunton, Troy, Watervliet and
Green Island. These books are kept
at the chamber for the use of mer-
chants and the traveling public. The
Chamber of Commerce would be glad to
have them used by citizens generally.

Delicious Concord Grapes.—Phone
your grocer.—Advertisement.

Now Is The Time To Save Money

Pretty little White Dresses; Smart, Stylish Dresses; Dresses for church or street, and cheap enough for house dress.

Ask to see those \$4.50 White Dresses, Reduced to \$4.50	\$1.50 Nets, hung to ceiling \$1.10
The \$5.00 White Dress at \$3.50	\$1.75 Nets, hung to ceiling \$1.25
The \$2.95 White Dress at \$2.00	\$2.00 Nets, hung to ceiling \$1.40
Also Misses' and Children's White and Colored Dresses Reduced.	\$2.25 Nets, hung to ceiling \$1.50
August and September are Mosquito Months. Better save money by buying now, and avoid case of Typhoid Fever. Special Prices for Nets This Week:	\$3.50 Perfection Copper Wire Spring Frame Canopy \$2.95

MEN'S STRAW HATS JUST HALF PRICE.

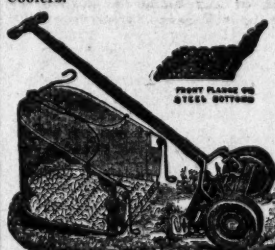
White Canvas Shoes; Rubber Sole; all sizes.

J. H. Rehder & Co.
THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE

Lawn Mowers

That will be a pleasure to use. Make your lawn more beautiful by treating it to a cut.

For 10 Days Only, 10 Per Cent. Off on All Lawn Mowers and Water Coolers.



CAPE FEAR HARDWARE CO.

Orton Bldg. Phone 612
EVERYTHING FOR LAWNS



POLK MILLER'S LIVER PILLS

Cure Constipation Headache Biliousness Drug & Country Stores 10¢ per BOX POLK MILLER DRUG CO. RICHMOND, VA.



ELON COLLEGE

CHARACTER—HEALTH—CULTURE
Largest size in the South. Delightful location. Deep well water. Twenty-four hours without a single case of dangerous disease. Class athletics. Two gymnasiums. No hazing.
A distinguished Bostonian writes: "Of all the colleges I have visited in six years as International Field Secretary of Christian Endeavor, the Spirit of Elon College seems to be the most genuinely Christian."—E. L. Lehman. Write now for Catalogue and views. Free. W. A. HARPER, Box 61, Elon College, N. C.



THE CORBETT COMPANY, DISTRIBUTORS

"ASK THOSE WHO USE IT"

"An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," said a wise man. We believe him, and so do you, but do you practice your convictions? With all the known methods of sanitation at your command, and a strict adherence to them, you are then sometimes sick. Did you ever seriously question why? Perhaps it is the ice you are using. Be certain that it is not. Use Plate Ice. No serious consequences.

WHOLESALE SANITARY ECONOMIC
PLATE ICE COMPANY
Phones 695 and 696. 5-7-9 Orange St.

BRICK! BRICK! BRICK!

We are now prepared to make prompt deliveries of
—BRICK—
and will appreciate all orders given us

Roger Moore's Sons & Co.

FOUNDED 1838 CHARTERED IN 1859

TRINITY COLLEGE

DURHAM, N. C.
A Southern College of liberal arts with an established national reputation for high standards, noble traditions, and progressive policies. Its large endowment fund makes possible its first-class equipment and large faculty of well trained and carefully chosen teachers. Student fees low. Comfortable, inexpensive rooms in carefully supervised hygienic dormitories.
Classical and scientific courses leading to the bachelor's degree. Graduate courses in all departments. Schools of Engineering, Education, and Law.
For catalogue and illustrated booklet address
R. L. FLOWERS,
Secretary to the Corporation.

East Carolina Teachers Training School

A State school to train teachers for the public schools of North Carolina. Every energy is directed to this one purpose. Tuition free to all who agree to teach. Fall term begins September 22, 1914. For catalogue and other information address,
Robt. M. WRIGHT, President,
Greenville, N. C.

BINGHAM SCHOOL'S central purpose for 121 years has been to make Men of Boys. Organization Military. Alone among N. C. private schools Bingham's Commandant is a West Point graduate, detailed from the U. S. Army. Within a year A Million Dollar Hotel and U. S. Government Summer Camp for Military Instruction have come to Asheville. Why? Lake for Swimming. Tuition and Board \$160 per Half Term. Col. R. Bingham, R. P. D. Box 21 Asheville, N. C.

SUPPLEMENTARY PLAN FOR STORING COTTON

Wilmington Chamber of Commerce Suggests Line of Action

Resolutions Adopted Calling on Towns and Cities in South to Build Temporary Warehouses—Plan Outlined.

Supplementary to resolutions adopted last week calling on producers and manufacturers in the South to co-operate in devising means for gradually marketing the present cotton crop, the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce at a special session yesterday afternoon recommended a plan for building warehouses in the interior which it is believed will prove to be entirely feasible. Feeling that the government has already done its part towards providing a means of procuring sufficient currency for present demands, the Chamber took the position that it is now time that Southern agricultural and commercial interests shall work out practical means for utilizing the facilities made available by governmental action.

To this end the Chamber further declared that it is necessary now to provide storage accommodations and suggested action along lines believed to be entirely practicable. A copy of the resolutions will be sent to the mayor of every city and town in the Carolinas, this action having been decided upon at the meeting yesterday afternoon.

The resolution was introduced by Mr. J. Allan Taylor and was seconded by Mr. H. C. McQueen. Following explanatory remarks by Mr. Taylor as to the need of some adequate plan for storing cotton, Messrs. W. H. Sprunt, H. C. McQueen, of this city, and J. W. Carter, of Maxton, who was present as a visitor, made short talks in which they heartily endorsed the plan as outlined in the resolution, embodied in the following letter:

"While the situation growing out of the European war is entirely without precedent in the experience of this country, and in fact of a character, the conditions are by no means desperate provided intelligent co-operation of the commercial interests of the South can be brought about.

"The general government has met the situation promptly and effectively as far as its powers extend, and in liberalizing the currency law has put at the command of commerce, banking facilities adequate for all legitimate demands, and nothing further can be or should be expected to the government in the way of financial relief.

"Storage Facilities Necessary. "The situation has now reached such a stage that the obligation is upon the Southern agricultural and commercial interests to work out practical means for utilizing the facilities made available by governmental action; and while the amended currency law does not extend the right to a state bank or trust company to directly procure currency from the government, these institutions can readily avail themselves of the enlarged financial facilities through their national bank correspondents, so that indirectly relief can reach the smallest centers served by banking facilities.

"To avail to the fullest extent of the facilities at our disposal it is absolutely necessary that storage accommodations be provided, and the widely distributed accumulation of stocks the greater the facility for carrying and the less the influence on price.

"Plan for Securing Them. "To this end we confidently recommend action along the following lines: "First, That every town in the cotton section, through community effort, establish warehouses adequate to safely store one-half of the crop normally marketed at such place, and that frame buildings designed for this purpose be covered with metal so as to increase protection and reduce insurance rates.

"Second, That the citizens of a town establishing a warehouse organize a warehouse company for the purpose of issuing authoritative receipts for storage cotton, to be used as a basis of credit with the local banks.

"Third, That the local banks make liberal advances on cotton so stored and protected, and use their national bank correspondents freely for rediscounts—thus making it possible to limit offerings to commercial demand.

"It is manifestly impossible, even though the means were immediately available, to construct elaborate and permanent brick warehouses in time to meet the present emergency, but this limitation only accentuates the necessity for utilizing every possible resource, and frame structures properly protected by metal covering could probably be made to provide temporary relief. Moreover, many localities would doubtless find it practicable to convert large buildings into storage space, and it is believed possible, with prompt and energetic action, to provide storage facilities of the character indicated in time to prevent a serious decline in the price of cotton.

"This is a matter that concerns every citizen of the South, and efforts to provide the necessary means for protecting our great staple should find a ready response from all classes without regard to vocation.

"The situation challenges the intelligence and loyalty of the South.

"Respectfully,

"WILMINGTON CHAMBER OF COMMERCE."

Following the reading of the resolution and its formal adoption by a unanimous vote of the Chamber, Mr. W. D. MacMillan, Jr., moved that copies of it be printed and distributed to all mayors of the cities and towns in the Carolinas. This was seconded by Mr. H. C. McQueen.

The meeting was largely attended by representatives of business men of the city. In the absence of Mr. J. Corbett, president of the Chamber, Mr. L. E. Hall, vice president, presided over the meeting. Mr. Hall was late in arriving and Mr. H. C. McQueen was elected temporary chairman of the meeting. A record of the proceedings was kept by Mr. H. B. Branch, secretary of the Chamber of Commerce.

Lumina Tonight. Mid-week Dance. Exhibition dancing. Moving pictures. (Advertisement.)

Delicious Concord Grapes. Phone your grocer. (Advertisement.)

MERCHANT FLEET MAY CARRY FOODSTUFFS

Three British Steamers Cleared Yesterday

Belief Is That Vessels Will Take on Cargoes, Assemble at American Port and Be Conveyed to English Waters.

Lending color to reports current on the water front that a fleet of British merchant vessels will soon sail from America for England with a large supply of food and grain conveyed by some of the English armed cruisers now in the waters of the Atlantic, three British steamers cleared from this port yesterday afternoon for other ports, where they will take on cargoes.

The steamer Kylemohr, 1,933 tons, in charge of Capt. McIntosh, sailed for Savannah, Ga., carrying part cargo of fertilizer material to be discharged there. It is understood that she will take on a cargo of grain.

The steamer Singapore, 2,738 tons, Capt. Taylor, sailed for Jacksonville, Fla. She arrived here a few days ago with a part cargo of corn. Part of this was delivered here, the remainder going to Jacksonville. It is also understood that she will re-load with grain or food supplies at the port.

The steamer Norfolk, 2,504 tons, Capt. Scott, cleared for Norfolk in ballast. According to the rumor she will also carry a cargo of grain to England as part of the fleet of merchant vessels. All three of these vessels were consigned to Henry Whyte.

The rumor upon which the theory is based was picked up by a representative of The Star yesterday afternoon. Its source could not be located, but the sailing of these three vessels and other events gathered from recent dispatches from ports along the Atlantic seaboard bear it out and make it a possibility if not almost a certainty.

Additional British cruisers have reached the waters of the Northern Atlantic. It is known that these already there are sufficient to protect the ocean pathways. Two of these cruisers have gone to Montreal, Canada, to lay up, possibly until the merchant vessels have completed taking on their cargoes.

British merchant men are reported loading grain and food stuffs in practically all of the Atlantic and Gulf ports. All told there are several scores of these vessels that could be secured for this purpose already in these ports and more are coming along with part cargoes and some without anything aboard. As to whether these vessels are in the service of the British government, or are taking the cargoes for their own use, is guaranteed from loss by the British government is not known, but it is almost a certainty that within a few weeks a large fleet of British merchant vessels will sail from some central port on the Atlantic seaboard for England with a large supply of grain and other supplies.

The conveying cruisers will meet this fleet outside the neutral three mile line and see that it makes a safe voyage across the waters.

The sailing of these three British vessels now leaves only two ships in this port, both of which are the German flag. The Nicaragua, which put in here some time ago to prevent capture on the high seas by British cruisers, and the steamer Kiel. Both of these vessels are consigned to Heide & Co. It is understood that one of them will sail for Southampton in a few days where she will drop anchor, probably to stay until the European war is over or is purchased by American interests and registered under the Stars and Stripes.

WEEKLY MEETING TODAY.

Several important matters to come before Council.

Several important matters are scheduled for the City Council at its regular weekly meeting this morning, including the vote on the ordinance introduced last week prohibiting the transfer of street car franchises without the consent of council, reconsideration of the resolution calling for the improvement of Market street from Tenth to Seventeenth with bitulithis, so the advertisements will call bids on other materials as well as bitulithis, and the consideration of the matter of constructing a new fire house at Fifth and Castle streets.

The ordinance prohibiting the sale or transfer of any street car franchise, whether to new companies or to existing corporations, without the consent of council, was introduced at the last meeting and on objection of Councilman Loughlin, who desired time to look it over and consider it, went over to today for a vote.

The point has also been raised that the franchise recently granted to the Wilmington & Carolina Beach Railway Company does not specify when the road is to be completed, and some think that council ought to insert a clause providing the forfeiture of the franchise unless the project is completed within a reasonable length of time. They think a full five years is too long.

The matter of changing the specifications calling for bids on the improvement of Market street was taken up at a caucus held one day last week, and members of council then indicated that they would make a change, as suggested by Mr. P. W. Wells, who appeared at the weekly meeting last week and advised that the advertisements call for bitulithis or some other material equally as good, so as to get the benefits of competitive bidding.

Councilman Jones said yesterday that he had no definite action would be taken today on the proposition to build the new fire house at Fifth and Castle. It is planned to borrow the money to construct the building and use the retail receipts from the fire station property at Sixth and Castle to pay the interest on the borrowed amount.

Real Estate Transfers. Deeds were filed for record yesterday as follows: A. B. Stokney and wife to J. W. Mintz and wife, for \$10 and other considerations, tract in Masonboro township, on west side of Whitaker Creek road, containing six acres; J. J. Clemmons, Jr., and wife, to J. H. Hallings and wife, for \$1,000 and other considerations, lot on south line of Ann, 35 feet east of Sixth street, 12x65 feet in size; J. N. Freeman and wife transfer to A. W. Pate, trustee for the Wilmington & Carolina Beach Railway Company, for \$1 and other considerations, a 100-foot right-of-way through their lands in Federal Point township.

DRUG PRICES ARE SOARING

Many Articles Have Doubled and Trebled on Account of War—Perfumes and Soaps.

While as yet the advances have not reached the public to any noticeable extent, the European war has been the means of boosting the prices of drugs and chemical products even to a greater degree than of groceries and other foodstuffs, and wholesale dealers are looking on askance as the prices continue to soar. Wholesale prices of many drugs have doubled and even trebled. Among the articles affected are cocaine, morphine, chloroform, opium, calomel, quinine, and also perfumes and high grade soaps.

Cocaine has increased 25 per cent since the war began, opium was selling several weeks ago at \$5 a pound, while now it is \$8; quinine has advanced from 15 to 31 cents and corrosive salts are up from 50 to 70 cents. Most of the lighter drugs are made from synthetic chemicals, which have become so rare that many of them may be off the market altogether if the hostilities continue for any length of time. Already Berlin olive oil is almost out of the market, the New York Importers refusing to ship more than one case in each shipment.

Bromides have likewise been affected and have increased in price, but the situation in regard to this class of medicine is better than in most cases, for the reason that many of them are manufactured in this country. Several large factories in St. Louis will be able to take care of the demand temporarily at least.

Coal tar products, manufactured almost entirely in Germany, are, of course, shut off from importation, and as the supply in this country is very short, importers have notified wholesale dealers that they may be unable to fill further orders at any time.

Diogen has advanced from \$5.00 to \$17.50 with expectation of still further increase. Tin metal has advanced 200 per cent, and salts, made from tin, have increased in about the same ratio. Salol has jumped from 45 cents to about \$1.30, chloroform has advanced from 55 to 85 cents, while the prices on the following articles have risen about double: Blue castor blue mass powder, citrine ointment, mercurial ointment, mercury with chalk, iron citrate and phosphates.

Practically all drugs are affected, and the reason the wholesalers explain, is that most of the manufacturers of chemical medicines are in Germany, and are therefore cut off from importation. The result in the case of quinine, which comes in raw shape from South America, but which is manufactured in the finished article chiefly in London, is attributed to the heavy purchases of the drug by the British government, for use in the army.

MOTORMAN EXONERATED OF KILLING NEGRO.

Coroner's Jury Finds That Aaron Hunter Was Struck by Car.

Motorman L. P. Allen and Conductor Hall, who were in charge of the suburban car that struck Aaron Hunter, colored, Sunday night, were exonerated of any blame in causing the death of the negro, yesterday afternoon by the coroner's jury, which spent two days in investigating the accident. They returned a verdict stating that Hunter came to his death by being struck by the car, operated by the Tidewater Power Company.

Immediately after the accident Sunday night at 17th and Dock streets, Motorman Allen and Conductor Hall were placed under arrest by Coroner John J. Fowler and were put under a bond of \$500 each, pending the result of the investigation by the jury.

The only witnesses examined yesterday afternoon were Messrs. Austin and Hall, but this took several hours and it was not until 6 o'clock that the jury returned its verdict. Motorman Austin testified that he had trouble with the headlight on the car at Delgado and that it was flickering. He stated that he had blown the signal for the crossing at 17th and Dock streets, and that he did not see the negro, who was on the track a few feet beyond the crossing, until it was too late to stop the car. He yelled to him to get off, he said, and applied the emergency brake. Conductor Hall being in the rear of the car was not able to furnish any new evidence as to the accident.

The witnesses examined yesterday morning were Mr. Ed Manning, of the Tidewater Power Company; Conductor A. L. Landon and Motorman E. E. Page and Joseph Ryley. They were able to give little information as to the nature of the accident.

Mr. Charles Burnett, owner of the automobile, which was wrecked by Hunter a short while before he was killed, stated yesterday that the car was not as badly damaged as was at first thought. He said that Hunter was particularly sensitive about being reprimanded and that once when he was reprimanded for something that had occurred that he had cried like a child.

Mr. Burnett testified that he was a possibility that he had deliberately committed suicide by placing himself in front of the car. He did not think that this was probable but simply suggested it as a possibility.

LARGE SHIPMENT OF TOYS.

Elstein Bros., Received 200 Cases From Germany Yesterday.

Elstein Bros., wholesale dry goods dealers in this city, received yesterday morning from Germany, via Clyde line from New York, a shipment of 200 large cases of assorted toys, manufactured in Germany, and comprising probably the largest consignment of toys ever shipped to one firm in this section. In view of the fact that practically all of the German toy factories are shut down since the outbreak of the war, and that stocks on hand in this country are members of the local firm are congratulating themselves on getting their consignment. This is probably part of the last shipment of toys out of Germany since the outbreak of the war, and perhaps the last shipment that will be made for some time.

Elstein Bros. have never carried a stock of toys before, but some time ago they decided to add this line to their business. The order for the large shipment received was booked more than a year ago.

A large part of the toys sold in this country are manufactured in Germany, and since the outbreak of hostilities a few weeks ago, press dispatches have predicted a scarcity for the coming holiday season.

Lumina Tonight. Exhibition dancing. Moving pictures. (Advertisement.)

CLYDE KENNEDY CAPTURED

Wanted for Murder in Newbern—Arrested by Sheriff Cowan at Phoenix—Reward.

Clyde Kennedy, a native of this city and wanted in Newbern for the murder of E. W. Sarlandt, on August 9th, was arrested at Phoenix, Brunswick county, yesterday afternoon about 2 o'clock by Sheriff S. P. Cowan, Deputy A. L. Kelly an Special Officer H. Mack Gowin. Kennedy was brought to the city in Sheriff Cowan's car, and at 4 o'clock the sheriff and his officers left for Newbern with their prisoner, going through the country in the automobile.

According to statements made by the officers, Kennedy was making his way to the home of his brother, Ralph Kennedy, who lives at East Arcadia. He had walked all the way through the country from Newbern, having left there on the night of August 9th. He stopped over at the home of an aunt at Jacksonville, N. C., and leaving Jacksonville Tuesday, a week ago yesterday, made his way through the country to Phoenix, where he was arrested.

Kennedy is said to have admitted to the officers that he killed Sarlandt, but declares that he did it in self defense. In proof of this he exhibited several knife cuts on his breast and shoulders, and also bruises and other scars. Sheriff Cowan plans to be on the road all night, and to arrive in Newbern with his prisoner this morning about daybreak. He will turn Kennedy over to the authorities there, where two other men said to have been involved in the trouble that resulted in Sarlandt's death have already been arrested.

Craven county authorities have offered a reward of \$100 for the arrest of Kennedy, and the State of North Carolina has also offered an equal amount as a reward. Sheriff Cowan, therefore, is entitled to a reward of \$200 for his capture of yesterday.

Diogen has advanced from \$5.00 to \$17.50 with expectation of still further increase. Tin metal has advanced 200 per cent, and salts, made from tin, have increased in about the same ratio. Salol has jumped from 45 cents to about \$1.30, chloroform has advanced from 55 to 85 cents, while the prices on the following articles have risen about double: Blue castor blue mass powder, citrine ointment, mercurial ointment, mercury with chalk, iron citrate and phosphates.

BEFORE THE RECORDER.

L. P. Tatum Is Fined \$25 and the Costs for Assault on Other Cases.

L. P. Tatum, a young white man, was fined \$25 and the costs by the Recorder yesterday morning for an alleged assault on T. R. Murray at his home on North Fourth street several days ago. Tatum resented a remark which is supposed to have been made about his mother and shot at Murray twice, missing him both times. Tatum was also charged with carrying concealed weapons, but was found not guilty of this charge.

The case was sent to the Recorder from Justice Harrison's court. Tatum was represented by Marden Bellamy, Esq., and in the absence of Solicitor Peschau, who was attending a coroner's inquest, P. G. Ward, Esq., appeared for the State in all the cases before the Recorder yesterday.

Russ White, white, was charged with selling whiskey, but the evidence was insufficient to convict and he was declared out guilty.

Frank Liles, colored, charged with choking his wife and threatening to kill her, was sent to the county roads for the night. The evidence showed that the assault continued for the better part of a day and night and in order to escape, the woman said that she was compelled to flee to the home of Mr. Track on the Castle Haynes road. Lottie Sparks, colored, was taxed with the costs for stealing a chair. She was required to return the chair to its owner.

Johnnie Cooper, a colored boy, charged with stealing a horse and buggy which he used for a ride to Wrightsville Sound, was taxed with the costs and placed in the custody of his father, James McBride, another colored youth, implicated in the same affair, was found not guilty.

FUNERAL OF MRS. SPRINGER.

Services Yesterday from Residence—Interment in Oakdale.

In the presence of a large assemblage of friends who had gathered to pay a last sad mark of respect to her memory, impressive funeral services were conducted at 4:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon, from the residence, No. 214 North Second street, in honor of the late Mrs. Martha Rush Springer, wife of Mr. William E. Springer, who entered into rest Monday morning at 7:30 o'clock.

The services were conducted by Rev. J. D. Bundy, pastor of Grace M. E. church, assisted by the Rev. J. N. Cole, D. D. Raleigh, both of whom paid high tribute to the memory of Mrs. Springer. The interment was in the family lot in the beautiful Oakdale cemetery where many floral offerings bore silent testimony to the love and esteem in which Mrs. Springer was held by all in the range of her acquaintance.

The pall-bearers were as follows: Honorary, Messrs. D. C. Love, Jas. H. Cowan, M. W. Jacob, M. W. Divine, R. W. Wallace, L. H. Simmons, Herbert McLaughlin and Jos. E. Thompson; active, Messrs. W. W. Hodges, Jordan Branch, E. P. Schuklen, D. H. Penton, W. E. Perdue and J. T. King. Mr. J. C. Springer, a brother of Mr. Springer, arrived yesterday morning from New York, where he was on a vacation and was with his brother and other members of the family for the funeral.

ANOTHER TOWNSHIP VOTES.

BONDS FOR GOOD ROADS.

Town Creek Election Carries by Majority of Twenty-One.

By a majority of 21, Town Creek township, Brunswick county, in an election held yesterday morning, voted to issue \$10,000 worth of bonds for the construction of good roads, according to a telephone message to The Star last night.

A new registration had been required for the election held yesterday, so that it was a matter of casting votes against the registration books, the voters cast 21 majority of the registered voters.

Town Creek has followed the example recently set by other townships in Brunswick in the matter of taking action for improved roads.

Caution Boat Masters.

A circular letter issued from the office of Maj. H. W. Stickle, United States District Engineer, to the masters of river boats cautions the vessels to be careful in passing the dam at King's Bluff, where the framework is now being weighted to the bottom of the channel.

FIGURE ON THIS

Take a piece of paper and a pencil. Figure out how much of the money you received last pay day you cannot account for and for which you have nothing to show. Then multiply that sum by twelve. That is the amount that is slipping through your fingers in a year.

Stop the constant, incessant, careless leakage by opening a savings account with this strong bank. We give you a bank book with your first deposit of \$1 or more. We pay 4 per cent. compounded quarterly on your money.

"THE HOME OF SAVINGS."

The Peoples Savings Bank

CORNER FRONT AND PRINCESS STREETS.

OUR DEPOSITORIES

Where Reserve Balances Are Carried.

Murchison National Bank, Wilmington, N. C., Resources.....	\$ 7,000,000.00
American National Bank, Wilmington, N. C., Resources.....	\$ 2,000,000.00
First National Bank, Richmond Va.....	\$ 16,000,000.00
National State and City Bank, Richmond, Va., Resources.....	\$ 6,000,000.00
National Bank of Commerce, Baltimore, Md., Resources.....	\$ 7,000,000.00
National Bank of Commerce, New York, .. Resources.....	\$200,000,000.00
Merchants' National Bank, New York, .. Resources.....	\$ 35,000,000.00
Liberty National Bank, New York .. Resources.....	\$ 32,000,000.00
National Park Bank, New York, .. Resources.....	\$130,000,000.00
Harriman National Bank, New York .. Resources.....	\$ 12,000,000.00

The Wilmington Savings and Trust Company

110 PRINCESS STREET.

27 YEARS OLD

RESOURCES \$2,500,000.00

LUMINA TONIGHT A

MOTION PICTURES

"A MESSAGE FROM ACROSS THE SEA." Stirring Drama of The Waves by Selig Players.

"BLUE BLOOD AND RED." Another Thrilling Selig Drama.

"REGGIE, THE DARE DEVIL." Rousing Biograph Farce-Comedy

MID-WEEK DANCE

ANNOUNCEMENT

This is to announce that the garage and service department of the Pickard-Bleeker Automobile Company, has been sold to Mr. R. F. Johnson of the Pickard-Bleeker Automobile Company who will continue to operate this business at the same location No. 5-11 North 3rd street, and will continue to give the service which the Pickard-Bleeker Automobile Company has given to its patrons.

We will ask that all accounts due to the Pickard-Bleeker Automobile Company be handled promptly, payment of the same being made at the office of the Queen City Cycle Company, No. 209 Market Street.

All outstanding accounts against the Pickard-Bleeker Automobile Company should be presented at once to the above office for payment.

We thank our friends for the patronage and support which they have given us.

Pickard-Bleeker Automobile Co. au 19-17.

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE.

By virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage executed by G. T. & W. J. Flynn, to the undersigned, dated September 26th, 1912, recorded in Book 51, page 103, default having been made in the payment of the debt thereby secured, the undersigned, on Saturday, August 22, 1914, at 6 o'clock P. M., at the Court House in Wilmington, N. C., expose to sale for cash to the highest bidder one large lighter or scow, which is known as "Flynn's New Lighter."

Dated this August 17th, 1914.

H. H. HALL, Mortgagee.

Robert Ruark, Attorney.

BURETT H. STEPHENS

ARCHITECT

38-39 GARRELL BUILDING.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

J. L. BECTON

CIVIL ENGINEER

27-28 I. O. O. F. Bldg.

N. W. Cor. 3rd and Princess.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Phone 194-W. P. O. Box 594.

Lassiter-McDuffie Co., (Inc.)

Successors to H. L. Fennell

DEALERS IN:

Hudson, Overland, Maxwell Cars

All Accessories. Storage.

Garage: 114 North 2nd Street

Reach

BASE BALL GOODS

Make Famous Players

USED BY THE

World's Champions

EXCLUSIVELY

MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

J. W. Murchison & Co.

WHOLESALE HARDWARE

STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF

HOME SAVINGS BANK

at Close of Business June 30, 1914.

RESOURCES:	LIABILITIES:
Loans and Discounts .. \$209,774.83	Capital..... \$ 50,000.00
Furniture and Fixtures .. 1,806.54	Undivided Profits .. 4,540.83
Real Estate..... 12,000.00	Deposits..... 180,204.64
Cash on hand and due from Banks..... 11,987.77	Cashier's checks outstanding .. 883.87
Total..... \$235,629.14	Total..... \$235,629.14

J. W. YATES, President.

J. F. ROACHE, Cashier.

J. W. LITTLE, Vice-President.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Mrs. Leah Swain, of Suburb, N. C., is the guest of Mrs. A. E. Townsend.

Miss Bettie Standand, of Seagale, is spending a few days in Newbern with her brother.

Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Gault, of Lake Waccamaw, were visitors in the city yesterday, guests at The Orion.

Mrs. S. J. Phillips, of Newbern, who has been visiting Mrs. W. R. Nixon, left yesterday for Warsaw.

Miss Louise Walker returned home Sunday after a very pleasant visit to friends at Willard.

Mrs. A. L. Freeman has returned from a visit of three weeks to Mr. and Mrs. James Freeman, of Savannah, Ga.

Mrs. B. S. Black has returned from Westville, N. C., where she visited her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. West.

Mrs. Henry Cabell Bentley and Mrs. Thos. A. Wortham and children have returned from Lisbon, where they have been visiting relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Pigott have returned from Chattanooga, Tenn., and Asheville, N. C., where they spent about two weeks.

Rev. G. T. Adams and daughter, Miss Martha Adams, left last evening for Washington, D. C., to spend a few days, returning to the city Saturday.

Miss Frances Moore Galling, who has been the guest of Miss Martha Adams, left yesterday morning for her home in Tarboro.

Misses Virginia Gibbs and Thelma Mayo, of Washington, N. C., are visiting at the home of Rev. and Mrs. G. T. Adams.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Pettel and family have returned to the city after spending 15 days camping at Bradley's Creek.

Mrs. W. M. Smathers, of Greensboro, spending several days with Mr. and Mrs. A. Lewis, No. 218 North Fourth street.

Mrs. A. L. Bowden and little daughter, of Waycross, Ga., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Marvin Haskett, No. 303 Harnett street.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Rudisill have returned from Cherryville, N. C., where they have been spending the past several weeks with their parents.

Friends will regret to know that Miss Lillian Fonville was operated on at the James Walker Memorial Hospital Monday afternoon for appendicitis, but will be pleased to learn that the operation was entirely successful and

that Miss Fonville is getting along nicely.

Misses Eva McDonald and Daisy McLean, two popular young ladies of Mount Olive, N. C., are visiting at the home of Miss Florence Greene Scott on North Fifth street.

Miss Mary Bass, of Magnolia, is spending some time in the city as the guest of Miss Hattie Bass at Carolina Place and Mrs. C. T. Ecker, No. 210 Red Cross street.

Miss Mamie Hackerman and Miss Sophie Dubrel, of Charleston, S. C., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. George Schibben, No. 418 Walnut street. They will spend some time at Wrightsville Beach also, before returning home.

Misses Sallie Ellis and Julia Lentz and Messrs. Charles and P. P. Dulan, of Statesville, after spending several days in the city with relatives, returned home Saturday going via Goldsboro and Raleigh in an automobile.

Miss Lillian Hill, of Newbern, and Miss Elizabeth Gardner, of this city, left last evening for Florence, S. C., where they will join Miss Annie Fitch and will go thence to Turnpike, N. C., to spend several weeks.

Friends in the city have received the following invitations: Mr. and Mrs. John Archibald Rogers request the honor of your presence at the marriage of their sister, Miss Flora Kathleen Register and

Mr. Charles Flinn Arrowood on the evening of Wednesday the second of September, nineteen hundred and fourteen at seven o'clock the Presbyterian church, Ellington, North Carolina.

After an absence of 15 years, Mr. W. G. Harris and son, Master William Harris, of Birmingham, Ala., are here on a visit to Mr. Harris' sisters, Mrs. F. F. Warrick and Miss Augusta Harris. Mr. Harris is a native of Wilmington and has been very much impressed with the many improvements that have been made since he was here last time. He will be glad to greet his many friends who will be glad to greet him again. He will be here for about ten days.

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DISCUSS PRICE OF BREAD

Housewives' League Investigating Increased Cost of Foods in City—Meeting Yesterday.

The increase in the price of bread from five to six cents a loaf by a number of grocermen in Wilmington was the subject of some vigorous criticism by members of the Housewives' League at a meeting of that organization held yesterday morning in the league headquarters in the Trust building. The report of an investigation made by the members of the league within the past few days showed that many of the small merchants in the residential districts have increased the price on bread to six cents since the bakers have advanced the wholesale price from three and one-half cents to four cents a loaf.

The league took the position that a profit of 25 per cent on bread, when there is no loss on account of wrapping paper—the bread being wrapped at the bakeries—is sufficient and the opinion was expressed that the merchants are not justified in raising the price to six cents, even though the bakers on account of the increased cost of flour have found it necessary to make a raise to four cents a loaf. Those conducting the investigation as to the price of bread reported that they had found that in Richmond, Roanoke and Norfolk, Va., and in Fayetteville, Charlotte, Asheville and Goldsboro the bakers have been getting four cents a loaf, all along from the merchants and that the retail price in those cities is and has been five cents. They claimed that they thought the same can be done in Wilmington.

On lady present at the meeting stated that a merchant has raised the price of sugar to six and one-half cents a pound and stated further that she knew that this merchant had not purchased a pound of sugar since the war began and sugar likewise began to soar in price. Another member reported that a dealer in the city had raised the price of porterhouse steak from 25 cents to 30 cents a pound while other meat dealers are still selling it at 25 cents. Both ladies protested strongly against what they termed "unreasonable prices."

Mrs. G. H. Croon was appointed a delegate from the local organization to attend the State convention which will be held in Raleigh August 25-27. It is probable that other members of the league will attend the State meeting also.

SUGAR STILL ADVANCING.

New York Market Quotation Now Three Cents Over Former Price.

While flour and other staple commodities have been soaring to some extent since the beginning of the war in Europe, the most phenomenal increase has been in the cost of sugar. The New York wholesale quotation yesterday was 7 1/2 cents, which is just three cents higher than it was three weeks ago. And the end is not yet in sight and some dealers predict that it will soon reach 10 cents.

Retailers in Wilmington are still selling it for 6 and 7 cents, due to the fact that practically all of them had supplies already ordered before the increase began. Some are still holding to the former price of 6 cents, while a few have felt that they must go to 7 to protect themselves, while after buying at the increased price they will, of course, have to go higher still. Jobbers on the wharf yesterday were selling sugar at wholesale at 7 cents.

There have been two explanations made by local merchants and jobbers as to the cause of the increase. One is that the American Sugar Refining Company has cornered the supply of raw sugar in Cuba and elsewhere and is taking advantage of the war to run the price up.

The other explanation is that Germany and other European countries produce one-half of the sugar of the world. With the war on, the supply of sugar from these countries will be small. Contemplating the scarcity of sugar, it is said that England and other European countries have already made extensive purchases in this country. In view of these heavy purchases with the opening of the market for beet and cane sugar nearly two months off, it is stated that the demand for sugar has been much greater than the supply.

What the outcome will be is a matter that cannot be forecasted at the present time. A jobber, who has been on the wharf in Wilmington for 25 years, stated yesterday prices were more unsettled than he had ever known them.

MR. E. D. CONWAY DEAD.

End Came Yesterday Afternoon at His Home in City.

Friends throughout the city were grieved yesterday afternoon to learn of the death of Mr. Edward D. Conway, which occurred shortly after 2 o'clock at his home, No. 719 Chesnut street. The deceased was 58 years of age, and had been confined to his home for the past 11 months. Valvular heart trouble was the immediate cause of his death.

Mr. Conway is survived by his widow and four children, three daughters, Mrs. W. L. Wood, Mrs. E. H. Harsh and Miss Maud Conway, and one son, Mr. John W. Conway. His aged mother also survives him. The bereaved ones have the tenderest sympathy of friends in their hour of sorrow.

A faithful member of the Church of the Good Shepherd, a kind and loving husband and father and an upright and honorable citizen, Mr. Conway held the esteem and respect of all who knew him. He was a member of Jeff Davis Council No. 63, Junior Order.

The funeral will be held this afternoon 3 o'clock from the home. Rev. Thos. P. Noe, rector of the Church of the Good Shepherd, will conduct the services. Interment will be in the family burying ground at Wrightsville.

Suit by the City.

Suit was begun in Superior Court yesterday by the city of Wilmington against the Tidewater Power Company. The complaint has not yet been filed, but it is understood that the action is the result of the controversy between the municipality and the traction company as to the amount the company should pay toward the improvement of the streets on which its tracks are located. The company has paid for a distance of 12 inches on either side of its tracks, and contends that this is all that it is liable for. The city contends that under the bond acts the company is liable for 18 inches on either side of the tracks. The difference amounts to about \$2,000.

Delicious Concord Grapes—Phone your grocer.—Advertisement.

SOLE AGENT FOR

American Lady Corsets

Butterick Patterns and Black Cat Stockings

A. J. Brown

"The Store That Sells Wooltex"

HOUSEHOLD NECESSITY

Endorsed and Recommended by Leading Physicians

Shepard's House Fly and Insect Exterminator Kills All Flies, Mosquitoes, Ants, Roaches, Bed-Bugs, Fleas, Moths and Other Insects.

Invaluable for House-Cleaning. Not Injurious to People. For Sale by All First Class Stores.

MANUFACTURED AND GUARANTEED BY

SHEPARD'S CHEMICAL COMPANY, INC.

Wilmington, N. C.

Under the Insecticide Act of June 30, 1910, Serial No. 642. If you are troubled with MOSQUITOES, spray a few times around where you are sitting, or around your bed.



First Installment of the Greatest Serial Ever Written—Today Only!

THE TREY HEARTS

GRIPS YOUR HEART! Three Reels! ROMANCE! MYSTERY! ADVENTURE!

Also 23rd Chapter of "OUR MUTUAL GIRL"

5 CENTS **BIJOU** 5 CENTS

WAR IS HEAVENLY

When you think of it in connection with your poor, tired aching feet, isn't it? Why not forget such uncomfortable thoughts?

HERE'S THE WAY—

Phone 55. Ask for a package of A. D. S. FOOT SOAP. Follow directions on box in a few minutes your feet will be as happy as "cows in clover."

1880 Hardin's Pharmacy 1914

124 SOUTH FRONT ST. Call 55 and then count the minutes till your package arrives.

GRAND TODAY

KATHLYN WILLIAMS

"THE LEOPARD'S FOUNDLING"

Two Parts by Sellig Co.

Edison Comedy "THE REVENGEFUL SERVANT GIRL"

with William Wadsworth, Arthur Housman, Harry Gripp, Mrs. C. Jay Williams.

Vitaphone Offers. "THE GANG."

A Strong Dramatic Story with Paul Kelly, Beatrice McKay, Kate Price, Tommy Gordon, and Bobby Hugins.

ADMISSION ONLY 5 CENTS.

NOTICE!

There will be a Basket Picnic on August 26th, at Rook's, N. C., on the A. & Y. R. R., 22 miles from Wilmington. There will be music and dancing.

Come one and all; bring a basket and enjoy the day.

WISTAR SIMPSON, ALVIS WOODCOCK, DAVID LUCAS, Committee.

SECOND FLOOR FOR RENT

—IN—

SPORTS

IN THE MAJOR LEAGUES

AMERICAN

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Philadelphia	71	36	.664
Boston	59	47	.557
Washington	58	48	.547
Detroit	54	54	.500
Chicago	53	55	.489
St. Louis	52	55	.486
New York	45	62	.420
Cleveland	37	75	.322

RESULTS YESTERDAY.

At Boston-Chicago, rain.
At Philadelphia 2; Detroit 1.
2nd: Philadelphia 2; Detroit 1.
At New York 3; Cleveland 4.
At Washington 8; St. Louis 2.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Chicago at Boston.
Detroit at Philadelphia.
Cleveland at New York.
St. Louis at Washington.

SOUTHPAW REIGNED SUPREME IN PHILLY DOUBLE BILL.
Covaleskie Won From Shawkey and Plank Won From Reynolds.

Philadelphia, August 18.—The double header here today resulted in an even break, Detroit winning the first game, 2 to 2, and Philadelphia the second, 2 to 1. Southpaw got the better of the two pitching duels, Covaleskie winning from Shawkey in the opener, and Plank and Reynolds and Boehler in the second event.

Detroit 011 001 000—3 8 0
Philadelphia 000 020 000—3 4 0
Covaleskie and Stange; Shawkey and Schang.
Second game—
Detroit 000 010 000—1 6 0
Philadelphia 000 002 000—2 4 1
Reynolds, Boehler and D. Baker, McKee; Plank and Lapp.

SENATORS WON OPENER FROM ST. LOUIS BROWNS.

For Six Innings Hamilton Was Supreme, But He Faltered.

Washington, August 18.—Washington won today's game from St. Louis, 3 to 2. For six innings Hamilton pitched good ball but he weakened in the seventh, the Nationals getting three runs. The locals scored five more runs in the eighth.

CLEVELAND TOOK FIRST IN YANKEE SERIES.

Visitors Batted Cole Out of the Box in Third Inning.

New York, August 18.—Cleveland won the first game of the series from New York, 4 to 3. The visitors batted Cole out of the box in the third inning, while Hagerman, though wild, was effective in the pitcher's box. Cleveland 103 000 000—4 9 2
New York 000 100 002—3 4 0
Hagerman and O'Neill; Cole, Pieh, McHale and Sweeney.

RESULTS YESTERDAY.

North Carolina League.
At Asheville 2; Durham 6.
At Greensboro 7; Winston 2.
At Raleigh 1; Charlotte 2.

Virginia League.
At Petersburg 6; Norfolk 10.
At Richmond 18; Newport News 4.
At Portsmouth 7; Roanoke 2.

Southern League.
At Memphis 3; Nashville 6.
At Mobile 3; Montgomery 0.
At New Orleans 0; Birmingham 7.
At Atlanta 4; Chattanooga 3.

South Atlantic League.
At Jacksonville-Albany, rain.
At Savannah 4; Augusta 0.
At Columbia 2; Charleston 2.
At Columbus 1; Macon 0.

International League.
At Newark 2; Montreal 1.
At Providence 3; Toronto 5.
Others not scheduled.

American Association.
At Milwaukee 3; Kansas City 3.
At Columbus 2; Cleveland 1.
No others scheduled.

THREE AMATEURS QUALIFY FOR NATIONAL GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP

Francis Outmet, Present Title Holder, Played Steadily.

Chicago, Aug. 18.—Three amateurs, including Francis Outmet, the title holder, were among the 35 men who qualified today for the national open golf championship at Midlothian Country Club. Outmet playing steadily took 148 strokes for the 48 holes, two higher than the medal score of the day, made by James Barnes, of White Marsh Club, Philadelphia.

Warren K. Wood, Homewood Club, Chicago, formerly Western amateur champion, and W. R. Lauenbusch, amateur champion of Chicago, were the other two amateurs to qualify, outstripping many professionals with 156 each.

The main attraction for the public was the playing of Outmet. Playing with M. J. Brady, of Wollaston, Outmet's game did not vary perceptibly during the day. He took 74 each round, driving straight and far. His approach work was different at times his putting was never spectacular.

Brady displayed brilliant strokes and was only two strokes behind Outmet at the finish.

CHESS TOURNAMENT PROGRESSES.

Memphis, Tenn., August 18.—The end of the seventeenth round of play in the tournament of the Western Chess Association with two more rounds of play to come, today finds the following leaders:
Herman Hahlbohm, Chicago, and G. H. Wolpert, St. Louis, tied 12-3; B. H. Jefferson, Memphis, 12-3; E. F. Schrader-Syrouse, N. Y., 11 1/2-3; W. L. Moorman, Lynchburg, Va., 11-4; J. S. Morrison, Toronto, 11 1/2-4; J. S. Morrison, Toronto, 11 1/2-4. One of these players will win the Western championship and all will be within the prize money.

NATIONAL

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	59	44	.573
Boston	58	47	.554
St. Louis	58	48	.544
Chicago	56	51	.523
Brooklyn	48	56	.462
Philadelphia	48	57	.457
Pittsburgh	48	58	.449
Cincinnati	45	59	.433

RESULTS YESTERDAY.

At Pittsburgh 3; New York 1.
At Cincinnati 3; Boston 1.
At Chicago 3; Brooklyn 0.
At St. Louis 6; Philadelphia 3.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

New York at Pittsburgh.
Boston at Cincinnati.
Brooklyn at Chicago.
Philadelphia at St. Louis.

GIANTS OUTHIT PIRATES BUT FIELDERS POORLY.
Becher Mis-handled Two Grounders Which Threw Game.

Pittsburgh, Aug. 18.—Although outhit, Pittsburgh today defeated New York 3 to 1. Poor handling of ground balls by Becher gave Adams a home run in the third and McCarty a triple in the fifth.

New York 000 000 010—1 9 0
Pittsburgh 001 010 013—3 7 0
Marquard, Fromme and McLean; Adams and Coleman.

WILD THROW TO PLATE GAVE REDS THE VICTORY

After Sensational Stop, Smith Threw Wild to Home Plate.

Cincinnati, Aug. 18.—After making a wonderful one-hand stop of Moran's grounder in the third inning, Smith threw wild to the home plate allowing two runs to score, which was enough for Cincinnati to win from Boston today 3 to 1.

ALEXANDER THE GREAT POUNDED BY CARDINALS.

Dooin's 'Daisies' Dropped Another Game, Six to Two.

St. Louis, Aug. 18.—St. Louis pounded Alexander hard in the fourth and fifth innings today and won from Philadelphia again 6 to 2. Peritt kept the visitors hits well scattered. In the fifth, with Huggins and Miller on base, Wilson hit a home run.

Philadelphia 000 001 001—2 9 1
St. Louis 000 020 003—6 9 2
Alexander and Killifer; Peritt and Snyder.

ZIMMERMAN'S HOME RUN WON IN THE FIFTH.

Enabled Chicago to Overcome Brooklyn's Lead by Hitting.

Chicago, Aug. 18.—Zimmerman's home run in the fifth inning with the bases filled enabled Chicago to overcome Brooklyn's lead and by consistent hitting later made enough runs to win. Humphries was hit hard the first two innings. Hagerman, who replaced him, pitched masterly ball.

Brooklyn 330 000 010—8 11 2
Chicago 001 050 013—8 12 2
Ragan and McCarty; Humphries, Hagerman and Brenahan.

How They Stand

SOUTHERN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Birmingham	71	52	.577
New Orleans	66	51	.564
Mobile	66	58	.532
Nashville	58	54	.518
Chattanooga	52	57	.477
Memphis	50	70	.417
Montgomery	45	65	.409

SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Charleston	31	20	.608
Albany	28	22	.560
Savannah	27	23	.540
Columbus	28	24	.538
Augusta	26	26	.500
Macon	21	24	.467
Columbia	24	30	.444
Jacksonville	17	33	.340

VIRGINIA LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Norfolk	22	18	.550
Roanoke	25	18	.581
Richmond	26	21	.553
Petersburg	21	24	.467
Newport News	20	28	.417
Portsmouth	16	28	.364

NORTH CAROLINA LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Durham	20	39	.339
Charlotte	20	41	.329
Winston-Salem	24	42	.363
Asheville	21	43	.329
Raleigh	21	43	.329
Greensboro	21	43	.329

DANIELS AND GARRISON TO CHOSE GRIDIRON FIELD.

Army and Navy Teams Unable to Obtain Suitable Grounds.

West Point, N. Y., August 18.—The problem of choosing a gridiron for the problem of choosing a gridiron for the 1914 football game between Annapolis and West Point may be left to Secretaries Daniels and Garrison in the selection of West Point officials. The

FEDERAL

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Chicago	60	49	.550
Indianapolis	59	48	.551
Brooklyn	54	48	.529
Baltimore	57	48	.543
Buffalo	54	52	.509
St. Louis	40	61	.396
Kansas City	48	57	.457
Pittsburgh	47	54	.464

RESULTS YESTERDAY.

At Kansas City 4; Brooklyn 0.
2nd: Kansas City 5; Brooklyn 0.
At Chicago 4; Baltimore 5.
At Indianapolis 1; Pittsburgh 3.
At St. Louis 1; Buffalo 3.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Brooklyn at Kansas City.
Baltimore at Chicago.
Pittsburgh at Indianapolis.
Buffalo at St. Louis.

CHICAGO DROPS DOWN BY BALTIMORE'S VICTORY.
Zwilling's Home Run Featured the Game for Chieft.

Chicago, August 18.—Chicago dropped into second place in the league race losing to Baltimore by 5 to 4 today. Zwilling's home run was the feature of Chicago's game.

Chicago 014 000 000—5 3 2
Baltimore 000 100 012—4 12 1
Quinn, Suggs and Jacklitsch; Fiske, Lange and Wilson and Block.

BUFFALO HIT ST. LOUIS TWILERS AT WILL.

And Won the Third Game of Present Series, Eight to One.

St. Louis, August 18.—Buffalo hit St. Louis pitchers at will today and won, 8 to 1.

EXCELLENT TWIRLING WON FOR KANSAS CITY.

Took Both Ends of Yesterday's Bargain Day Bill From Brooklyn.

Kansas City, August 18.—Excellent pitching enabled Kansas City to win two games from Brooklyn today, 4 to 1 and 5 to 0.

Brooklyn 000 000 000—0 5 0
Kansas City 020 000 032—5 9 1
Seaton and Land; Packard and Eastery.

AN ERROR IN NINTH GAVE INDIANAPOLIS GAME.

Bent Pittsburgh Four to Three in the Third Game of Series.

Indianapolis, August 18.—Walker's error and two singles in the ninth inning gave Indianapolis the run necessary to beat Pittsburgh, 4 to 3, in today's game.

Pittsburgh 001 100 010—3 10 1
Indianapolis 102 000 001—4 11 2
Walker and Berry; Billard and Rariden.

FANATORIALS

In their record advance from fall end to second place in less than a month, the Boston Braves won nineteen out of twenty-two games and tied another in thirteen innings. Under George T. Stallings, the "Miracle Man" of modern baseball, the Braves have climbed to the very heels of the Giants by one of the most remarkable systems introduced in late seasons—a triple alliance of pitchers. Sixteen of the victories have been shared by "Dick" Rudolph, "Big Bill" James and George Tyler, working in that order.

The Braves first began to show their diatribe for their cellar by winning a double header from the Dodgers on July 6, but until July 15 the team hovered around eighth place in the National League race. After a game on the latter date, in which they defeated the Reds, 3 to 2, and made all their runs in the ninth, the uplift movement was firmly established, and since that time they have been winning at an average of one game in every two.

Eighty-six of the last thirty-two games have been won by the Braves, and there seems to be solid foundation for declaring them "in" on any pennant distribution. It has been positively established that the Giants cannot gain a fourth straight pennant unless they play harder to championship form than at any time this season, or that the Braves "crack" under the terrific strain. Had the Braves earned an even break in the first month of the season instead of winning only three out of twenty games played, the wonder workers now would be at the top.

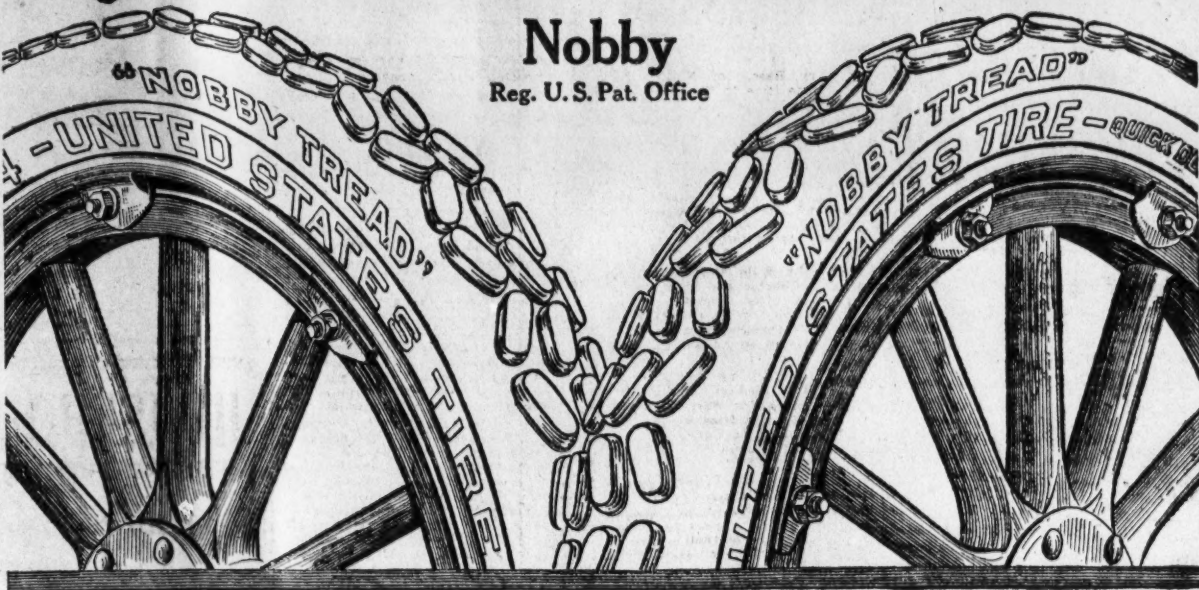
Before directing the details of ditching the Giants' machine in the final game at the Polo Grounds Saturday, it is reported that Stallings firmly prophesied a pennant for the Braves in the event of victory in the game Saturday, and no one so far has been able to furnish a plausible argument in dispute of this prophecy.

What a shock it must be to Jawm McGraw when he recalls the fine recommendation he gave George Stallings when James Gaffney, the Boston club owner, was looking for a suitable manager. Gaffney has certainly showed his gratitude in a startling manner.

Athletic Council here expressed little surprise today that no suitable field for staging the game could be found in Washington as announced.

Army officials viewed this latest turn as a vindication of their stand that the New York Polo Grounds is the logical field for the Army-Navy football game.

Ask these dealers



Nobby

Reg. U. S. Pat. Office

Business Basis Tires

Automobile owners everywhere are rapidly learning to buy tires on a real business basis, viz:—the basis of ultimate economy.

That is the reason why "Nobby Tread" Tires are today the largest selling high-grade anti-skid tires in the world.

Take the taxicab as a concrete example,—taxicab

companies have to operate on a business basis—they have to buy tires on a business basis.

That is why today—in Europe and the United States—thousands of taxicabs use "Nobby Treads."

Taxicabs must have real anti-skid protection—real tire dependence—real freedom from puncture delays—and lowest cost per mile tires.

Based upon their remarkable mileage records

"Nobby Tread" Tires

are now sold under our regular warranty—perfect workmanship and material—BUT any adjustments are on a basis of

5,000 Miles

Ask these dealers—they know about "Nobby Tread" Tires—they will tell you why they are by far the cheapest tires to use in the end—they are the reliable dealers in every locality.

T. D. Piner, Wilmington, North Carolina

NOTE THIS:—Dealers who sell UNITED STATES TIRES sell the best of everything

THEATRICAL

If you don't want action—if you don't want to breathe the spirit of romance and adventure—if you don't want to be stirred to the tips of your toes—if you don't want to set every nerve in your body tingling—if none of this appeals to you, then take our advice and don't go to the Bijou today.

But if you've got a drop of red blood in your veins—if your heart beats one bit faster to the tune of romance, adventure, love and mystery, then you've something in store so far ahead of anything you've ever read or seen that you'll forget the best among the rest.

Today the popular photoplay house inaugurates one of the greatest film serials ever written by any one, and written by one of the most popular authors of the world—Louis Joseph Vance—author of "The Fortune Hunter," "The Black Bag" and "The Brass Bowl," you know how these books gripped, thrilled and inspired you. But "The Trey O' Hearts" overshadows them all. The imagination of this man Vance is superhuman, surprise is too mild a word to describe situations in "The Trey O' Hearts" and it is filled to the overflowing with them. The minute the Bijou management saw the manuscript of "The Trey O' Hearts" they clinched it, at an astounding price. It is true, and it is going to make motion picture history. Ten years from now in the moving picture world, they'll still be trying to equal

"The Trey O' Hearts"; it will never be beaten.

Today's, the opening installment, as published in last Sunday's Star, is in three full reels, and you want to see the opening, without fail; you'll surely see the balance if you do. And, last but not least, that great and popular screen star, Miss Cleo Madison, plays the leading role in this great picture; don't forget that.

The 23rd chapter of "Our Mutual Girl" will also be on today, but the price of admission will remain at the tiny five cent figure.

At the Grand.
The Grand Theatre, the most popular joy spot of Wilmington, promised the people something big today, and here it is. It is the greatest collection of film triumphs, each a well known success and not a "has been" or an uncertain quantity, but the latest creation of a recognized film company and each film bears the stamp of approval of the National Board of Censorship. Today's galaxy of films will provide the people with the greatest moving picture show they have ever seen and for the small price of 5 cents admission, afternoon and night. Besides, getting chance to behold this big show folks can revel in solid comfort, because the Grand is the most comfortable theatre in Wilmington, electrically chilled and freely ventilated, and hear special music on the side.

The noted Selig success, that is in such big demand, "The Leopard's Foundling," in two parts, leads the show today. It is a weird, fascinating story of a child who is adopted by leopards and grows up to be a part of

the great forest. A young explorer finds and captures her, but the natives, who regard her as "The White Spirit," turn against him for the act and his life is threatened, but all ends well. It is a mammoth, thrilling production, in which all kinds of wild animals are introduced and the work of a trained elephant is marvelous. Every child should be taken to behold this big film.

The second great film triumph for today is the seventh of the celebrated Wood Be Wadd series. This one, "The Revengful Servant Girl," is the best of the lot. The popular actor, William Wadsworth, will appear in the stellar role. Another superb one today, a film with a punch, is "The Gang," with Paul Kelly and Beatrice McKay in the star parts.

Bear in mind that tomorrow at the Grand Mr. Daniel Frohman offers the Famous Players Company in the big four-reel dramatic success, "The Scales of Justice."

FIRST SALE IN DUNN.

Sold by Mr. Drew Lee at 11 Cents to J. L. Thompson Company.
(Special Star Correspondence.)
Dunn, N. C., August 18.—The first sale of new cotton was brought in yesterday by Mr. Drew Lee, of this township. He had 1,325 pounds of seed cotton and his bale weighed 420 pounds, which was sold to J. L. Thompson Company at 11 cents per pound. This is by three days the earliest ever on this market. Some years ago the first bale came in on the 20th of August.

FIRE ENABLES SCHOOL TO GET NEW BUILDING

Nearly \$2,000 Insurance on Building Burned in Raleigh.

(Special Star Correspondence.)
Raleigh, N. C., August 17.—It develops that the Raleigh school committee carried \$1,900 insurance on the old frame public school building in Glenwood, which was burned down last week. A proposition to vote \$25,000 bonds for a modern and model building for this city suburb was voted down by the city last fall. Now, however, the board will proceed to build one of the main units of the building that it was proposed to erect had the bonds carried, the insurance money to be used and the remainder necessary to be borrowed with a view to taking care of the debt through a bond issue that it is believed certain will now be approved at the polls.

The new building will not be ready before January 1 and in the meantime the Glenwood children will be transferred to the Wiley school under the adjustment through which the regular Wiley district children will be in school until 12:30 and the Glenwood children thereafter until 4 o'clock, two sets of teachers to be on duty.

Lumina Tonight.
Mid-week Dance. Exhibition dancing. Moving pictures.
(Advertisement.)

Delicious Concord Grapes—Phone your grocer.—Advertisement.



JOE THE WAITER

When Sociologist Meets Sociologist, Being the True Account of Two Individual Slumming Parties.

By Israel J. Zevin.

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ing business. But that was only an excuse. There was another reason. I can tell you a whole lot that the reporters don't know. I can give you some inside



history of the Atlantic City conference. Blintzes with cream? Full portion? All right, sir. Crisp and brown, sure!

You see, it all happened this way. About three weeks before the conference a gentleman came here who looked to me like a private slumming party. He was short and stout, with red and gray side whiskers. His appearance was of a man who has no worry about making a living. He asked something of Bertina, our cashier, and she pointed at me. Then the gentleman came up to me, asking: "Are you Joe, the waiter?"

"Yes, sir," I said, "will you have supper?" For it was late in the evening. But he did not want supper. He ordered a split of some mineral water

and then he said:—"I was told by Mr. Rosselyooch that you can help me with my mission. You see, I am Mr. Jacheson, president of the Preventive Charity and Social Research Association. I am invited to read a paper at the coming charity conference at Atlantic City. My subject will be Scientific Treatment of Professional Beggars, and in order to get material for my paper I must see some real schnorrers, of the kind that beg in the streets. Can you direct me to where I can find them?"

"Not on the east side, surely," I said. "We have no beggars here, except the bankers who are constantly begging people to open accounts with them. There are so many bankers here that in order to provide for them every business man has to keep from three to six check accounts. I am only a waiter, yet I have two bank accounts. I keep fifty dollars in one bank and twenty-five in another. Every day I draw a check for \$25 on the bank where I have the \$50 and add it to the smaller account. It keeps me busy and it makes me feel like a good citizen who helps in the circulation of money."

"It looks like frenzied finance to me," Mr. Jacheson said, laughing. "But there must be here, somewhere, some beggars who are not bankers."

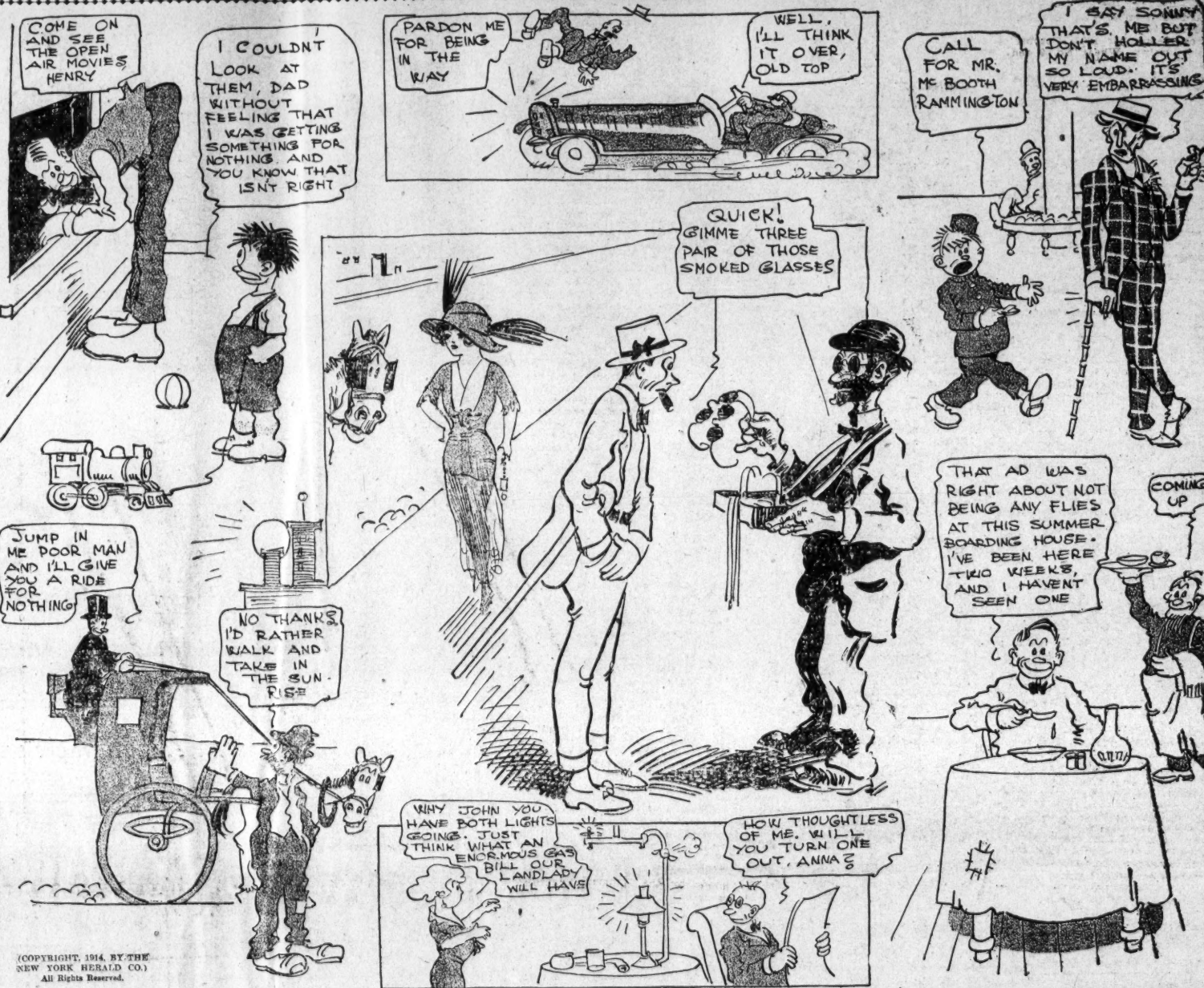
"Oh, yes," I said, "but not exactly around here. If you want to wait until eleven, when my relief comes, then I'll be glad to go with you and find a beggar."

"Yes, I'll wait," he said, and he ordered another split of that mineral water.

To tell the truth, I took a liking to Mr. Jacheson, not because I knew he was a millionaire, but on account of his democratic manners. Yet I don't think much of his so called preventive charity. It means that if one comes to you to ask for a little money, pile him up with questions, take down the whole history of his life and of his ancestors, and tire him out so much that it will prevent him from coming again. And if he does come again, send him a bunch of trained investigators to give him the thirty-third degree home treatment. That's my idea of preventive charity. But maybe I am mistaken, after all.

A little after eleven Mr. Jacheson and I were walking through Grand street, then we turned into the Bowery, then we went back east through Delancey street. Mr. Jacheson walked ahead and I followed, keeping at a little distance behind him. We had hardly walked five

FAT CHANCE!—By Russ Westover



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minutes on Delancey street when Mr. Jacheson was approached by a young man who had a black goatee and was shabbily dressed like a regular hobo.

"Please, sir," he said, "can you give me

the price of a cup of coffee and a sandwich? I am hungry. I haven't eaten anything for two days."

"Why did you wait so long?" Mr. Jacheson examined him like a lawyer. "Why didn't you stop some one before and ask for help?"

"Sir," the young man said, trying to look dignified, "I am not a beggar. I was too proud to beg. I was waiting, all these two days, for a chance to get work, and I couldn't, even for life's sweet sake, make up my mind to ask for alms. But now, I can't stand it any longer. I'm starved."

"When did you have your last meal?" Mr. Jacheson interrupted him.

"About forty-eight hours ago," the hobo with the black goatee answered him.



Then followed more questions and answers.

"How many meals a day are you in the habit of eating?"

"Three—breakfast, dinner and supper."

"What was your last meal?"

"Supper."

Here Mr. Jacheson snapped his fingers. He looked like a district attorney who caught a witness in a trap.

"So you had your supper two days ago about this time? Then you have to reckon the length of your fast from the next breakfast that you missed, and that cuts down your fast from forty-eight to forty, and probably to thirty-eight hours."

"It may be so," the hobo said, "but, for heaven's sake, I feel that I am going to drop dead from starvation."

"You are wrong again, young man," Mr. Jacheson argued. "Science has already proved that when a man is near death from starvation he does not feel

any more the pangs of hunger. So how can you make such a statement? You are an impostor!"

The young man did not say a word, but he just smiled, turned around and went away.

"Did you see him smile?" Mr. Jacheson said to me. "I knew he was a faker! But now we can go. I have already enough material for my paper."

Then Mr. Jacheson left me. He gave me a dollar as a reward for my co-operation in his research work, but not before he asked me whether I am single or married; whether I have people dependent upon me, and more, and more—about forty questions in all.

"Turkish coffee? All right, sir. Now you know that the conference took place last week and that for some pressing business Mr. Jacheson did not deliver his paper. He left the convention suddenly while Dr. Fish, the sociologist, was standing on the platform reading his paper on 'The Uses and Abuses of Preventive Charity Work.' You know why? No, you don't. Nobody knows; nobody but Mr. Jacheson and myself. He came here himself and he told me."

"Do you know, Joe," he said to me, "who that young hobo was—I mean the one that accosted me in Delancey street and asked me for the price of a sandwich and a cup of coffee? He was Dr. Fish, of Boston, a sociologist and a researcher like myself. And he came to this city all the way from Boston specially for the purpose of getting personal experience for his paper, just as I was trying to get for mine."

"Think of it, Joe, how I felt when I saw him standing on the platform and telling of his life as a hobo and his adventures as a beggar. And then he started to relate of our meeting in Delancey street and the actual conversation that took place between us."

"Joe, the joke was on me, all right, but I thought it wiser to leave and make my escape before he could find out that the object of his study of the preventive charity worker was I."

"Well, you were right when you said there are no real beggars on the east

side. If they are not bankers they are social researchers."

That's what he told me, Mr. Jacheson. And now you know!

Smiles from Over Sea.

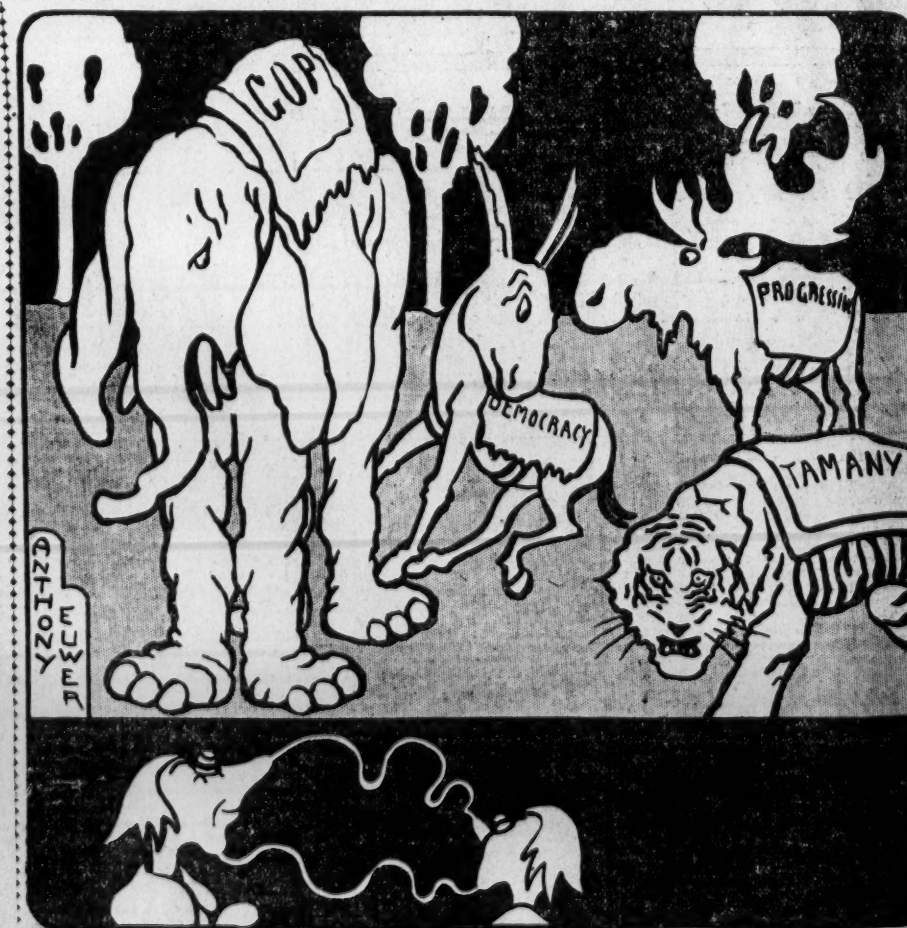
New Yorkers seem very happy in giving nicknames to notorious people, as those conferred upon the "gunmen" who were electrocuted a few days ago remind us. It is curious to think that if they lived in New York our Ministers might be known as "Whitney Winston," "Lulu the Blood," and "Lefty Lloyd George."—Bystander.

The nuts of Paris have started an anti-collar league; that is to say, they wear limp collars with evening dress at dances. However, our own dancing young men were frequently seen wearing this type of collar in ragtime days.—Bystander.

The Customer—Oh, but haven't you any other tint in lettuce than this? It won't go with my new blue salad dish a bit!—Sketch.

IN THE YEAR 49999

By ANTHONY EUWER



Here, Rollo, my boy, we are allowed to gaze upon the sacred courtyard of the National Palace—these, the sacred animals, now extinct, that were nourished with lavish care by the ruling factions of that remote period. At coronation times it seems that the new monarch would ride forth among his people, mounted on his chosen steed, while they in turn did homage to the living emblem of the supreme dynasty. Note the resignation of the great beast GOP, the keen alertness of the feline Tammany, the indomitable courage of the antlered brute Progressive and the affability of the watchful Penrose Democracy.

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A Hard-Shell Anti-Suffragist



Mr. Turtle—"No, madame, Mrs. Turtle will not join your ranks. She agrees with me that woman's place is in her shell."

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NO HOPES NOW FOR AN ADJOURNMENT

European War Affects Congress—Brakes Put on

LONG DEBATES RENEWED

Where a Week Ago Legislation Was Being Considered at a Double-Quick Pace, Congress is Now Marking Time.

Washington, Aug. 18.—The war in Europe has materially altered the Congressional situation. A few weeks ago administration leaders were expressing the hope that the minority would restrain any filibuster against legislation so that Congress might adjourn in time for participation in the fall campaign. The Republicans promptly agreed that there should be no filibuster and that all would pull together for early adjournment.

Today, however, the adjournment prospect is eclipsed by multifarious issues and the Democrats are putting the brakes on legislation.

Administration leaders when asked about adjournment, throw up their hands and say: "Time alone can answer. We cannot adjourn while the world is broiling."

The executive peace has been changed from double-quick almost to a mark-time schedule. Consideration of the Clayton anti-trust bill is not being hastened. Most of the important issues involved were thoroughly discussed when the trade commission bill was before the Senate, but they are again being renewed in prolonged speeches.

Further Evidence. Further assurance that the session will be more prolonged than was expected came today when Senator Kern, majority leader, announced the decision of the party leaders to dispose of a river and harbor appropriation bill, which had been before the Senate for weeks and was laid aside for trust legislation following a filibuster conducted by Senator Burton.

In the House conservation legislation now is being prepared and it probably will receive the Senate's attention when it reaches there.

The economy of emergency revenue legislation and being ready for any eventuality that may be precipitated by the European war is the underlying reason for the slowing up of Congress. There will be no rush to enact a stamp tax or increase internal revenues on commodities. Although it is certain additional government revenues must be provided because of the curtailment of customs, the leaders want to hear from all parts of the country before a law is passed.

There is no treasury deficit and no immediate danger of one.

War risks insurance by the government also is to be considered, although a bill to provide for this probably will not take up much of the time of Congress when the plan is worked out and a measure submitted. This may be introduced tomorrow in both houses.

CONDITION OF THE POPE REPORTED NOT SERIOUS. Has Had Cold Which Caused Hoarseness and Rise in Temperature.

Rome, via Paris, Aug. 18.—Pope Pius X is not in so serious condition as has been reported, according to Dr. Marchisafava, the attending physician. The pontiff's sisters and niece have been allowed to nurse him in the case of his previous illness, as that relieves him and distracts his attention from the gravity of the situation.

Dr. Marchisafava said today: "There is nothing alarming in the condition of the Pope. His indisposition would pass unnoticed except for the high office which he holds and the extreme age. His present indisposition is much less grave than past illnesses."

"The Pope is suffering from a simple cold, which in his case invariably produces hoarseness, accompanied by a slight bronchial catarrh. The cough associated with this condition and the rise in temperature have caused some weakness. If no complications occur, and there is no reason to fear this, a week's rest will be sufficient to restore the pontiff to health."

The Pope had rather a restless night, owing to the cough and difficulty in breathing, which awakened him frequently. His weakness was counteracted with frequent naps, during which he was able to retain. Today his temperature was normal and he was able to sit for a time in an arm chair near a window. He expressed a desire to resume his audience Friday, but it is not likely the doctors will sanction this plan.

GEORGIA DEMOCRATS HOLD STATE PRIMARY TODAY. Two Senators, a Governor and Other State Officers to Be Nominated.

Atlanta, August 18.—Candidates for the long and short terms in the United States Senate, for governor and all State officers will be nominated in a Democratic State-wide primary tomorrow. Action of the Georgia primary is equivalent to election.

Senator Hoke Smith, who is seeking renomination, is opposed by former Governor Joseph M. Brown. For the unexpired term of the late Senator A. O. Bacon, the candidates are John R. Cooper, Thomas S. Felder, Congressman Thomas W. Hardwick, G. R. Hutchens and Governor John M. Slaton.

J. Randolph Anderson, president of the Georgia State Senate; L. G. Hardman and N. E. Harris are making the race for the gubernatorial nomination.

Indications point to a heavy vote.

TOOK SIX HEATS TO SETTLE PITTSBURG RACE.

Pittsburg, August 18.—The last race of the 21st trot in the Pittsburgh Driving Club's grand circuit meeting at Brunn's Island track today went six heats before Farmer General proved his superiority over Hazel Laing. The race overshadowed the feature the Homewood stake for broody trotters, won by Native Spirit in straight heats.

Guy Nello won the first event and Marietta captured honors in the second race from King Dapne.

Delicious Concord Grapes—Phone your grocer.—Advertisement.

MAJ. BREESE TAKEN TO COURT ON A STRETCHER

Government Will Ask That Sentence Be Executed

His Physical Condition Has Stayed Execution of Sentence Heretofore. Secret Service Man Has Been on Job.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Asheville, N. C., Aug. 18.—Major William E. Breese, president of the First National Bank of Asheville, when it failed 18 years ago, and whose case in which he is charged with misappropriation of funds has been in the United States court for the past 17 years, this morning was brought to Asheville from his home at Brevard on a stretcher, to be presented to the district court tomorrow morning when the United States government will ask that his sentence of two years be put into execution.

Since the decision of the United States Supreme Court, more than a year ago, that the sentence imposed by the lower court should stand, Major Breese has been at Brevard, while J. E. Dickerson, who was convicted with him, has finished serving his term. Major Breese has been allowed to remain at home on bail by reason of the fact that his physical condition was such that he could not serve his term.

For the past several weeks, however, a secret service man has been stationed at Brevard, it is understood, and Major Breese's presence was demanded in court following the finding of the report of the agent of the Department of Justice.

The prisoner was brought to Asheville in the custody of deputies from the office of the United States marshal, was met at the Southern station by an ambulance, and is now in the custody of an officer at a local hotel.

OLD TIMES ON THE CAPE FEAR. Revival of Steamboating a Prospect That Sounds Good.

(Winston-Salem Republican.)

The announcement comes from Fayetteville that a group of Fayetteville business men have just completed the preliminaries to the incorporation of a steamboat line designed to supplement the canalization of the Cape Fear river in the movement to restore the Cape Fear to its ancient position of importance in the transportation system of the South.

Twenty-three men have subscribed the amount of stock necessary to start the business and the articles of incorporation will be taken out immediately. The company will be known as the Fayetteville Steamboat Company and will be incorporated at \$50,000, with \$5,000 required to be paid up.

The organizers, headed by Maj. A. A. MacKethan, have already written \$5,000 of stock. All of this sounds like old times when the traffic of this section was done at Fayetteville and a plank road was built from Salem to that place to facilitate travel. It was an enterprise, this building of the plank road, equal to getting a railroad today.

The traffic on the Cape Fear river is to be resumed, after a long state of dormancy, sounds good. It should never have been stopped. With railroad connections and good efforts Fayetteville today would be one of our chief trading points with the first-class boat connection to the sea and all foreign points. May this new lease of life in historic Fayetteville, be the beginning of another new era of commercial and industrial development.

SAVE LIFE OF GIRL. Mr. Colin M. Davis Rescues Child From Wreck of Banks Channel.

Mr. Colin M. Davis, son of Mr. C. W. Davis, keeper at the Carolina Yacht Club, saved the life of a little girl whose name could not be learned last evening, when she fell from the Trestle of the Tidewater Power Company into the waters of Banks Channel yesterday afternoon about 4 o'clock.

Mr. Davis swam to her and brought her to shore. She apparently suffered no harm from her experience, and was able to go to her home or the cottage at which she was stopping somewhere on the Northern Extension.

Mr. Davis, who operates the launch "The May," was on his boat preparing to take a surf bath when he saw the little girl, aged about 14 years old, who was fishing from the trestle, fall into the water. He ran out the trestle to the spot, dove into the water and swam to the girl, who did not sink until he was almost within reach of her. He was able to dive and bring her up, and being a strong swimmer, had no difficulty in bringing her to shore. He was warmly congratulated for his bravery by people who witnessed the rescue.

Harlee Bellamy Sent to Roads. Justice Harris yesterday sent Harlee Bellamy, colored, to the county roads for 30 days for reckless driving, this being the maximum sentence under the statute. Bellamy is alleged to have been the negro who ran into Mr. Herbert Darden's buggy on the Castle Haynes road Sunday night with his mother out. He has been in court several times before.

HE WOUND UP THE RIBBON. New York Hotel Guest Found It Led to Embarrassed Young Woman.

(New York World.)

A man who could not possibly break in the middle was snatching slowly away from the cashier's window at the Waldorf when suddenly he caught sight of something blue lying on the floor. He stooped, but could not get down far enough. A bellboy saw what he was after and picked up the end of a piece of narrow ribbon and gave it to him.

More than the usual number of chair warmers were sitting in the lobby at the time, and soon they and the clerks were watching the stout man. He showed the piece of ribbon in a sort of preoccupied fashion and soon found that it led down the corridor. He did not know it, but at the other end was a young woman. As she walked the ribbon seemed to grow longer.

Finally the stout man turned and began to roll up the ribbon. Soon he noticed where he was being led, and by the time he reached the elevator the woman who stood there. With a very red face and a hurried glance down she grabbed it, and then the elevator door mercifully opened, and swallowed her from the gaze of the tittering spectators.

Lumina Tonight. Mid-week Dance. Exhibition dancing. Moving pictures. (Advertisement.)

Delicious Concord Grapes—Phone your grocer.—Advertisement.

COTTON SITUATION IS NO CAUSE FOR ALARM

Elwood Cox, High Point Banker, Very Optimistic

Thinks Efforts in Behalf of Farmers Will Result in Good and That They Will Not Suffer on Account of War.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Washington, D. C., August 18.—J. Elwood Cox, of High Point, one of the State's leading bankers, does not view with alarm the present cotton situation. Mr. Cox said tonight that he is confident that neither the tobacco nor the cotton market will be seriously injured on account of the European war. He thinks within the next thirty days conditions will have improved materially, and that within two months the crisis will have been passed.

"I do not agree with those who believe the cotton industry will be ruined by the European war," said Mr. Cox. "I am confident that the new currency law, the currency association recently organized in Raleigh and the efforts being made by Congress to help the cotton and tobacco farmer will result in good and that no one will be seriously harmed on account of the war."

Mr. Cox reached here today after a visit to Richmond. He has conferred with many bankers and bases his opinion on what he has learned from men high up in the financial world.

In Behalf of Tobacco. Representatives of Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina and Tennessee conferred with their congressmen and senators with a view to having some legislation passed that will put tobacco on a par with cotton.

J. C. Braswell, of Rocky Mount, held a conference with Senators Simmons and Overman and it is believed something will be done to aid the tobacco people.

New Market for N. C. Products. Representative Webb has received a letter from San Francisco, J. C. Yanes, acting director general of the Pan-American Union, in which he advises the congressman that South and Central America can use millions of dollars' worth of cotton and other products manufactured in North Carolina.

Mr. Webb wrote the Central American head to find out if there was any market for the products of the factories at Hickory. Mr. Yanes declares there is a large market for these goods and also for millions of dollars' worth of cotton goods, hosiery, etc.

Tar Heels in Washington. O. F. May and E. R. Dew, of Spring Hope, were here today looking to the tobacco interests.

General Julian S. Carr, of Durham, who has been here for several days conferring with architects who are to construct his handsome office building in the Bull City, left for home tonight.

Gudger Confident. After an absence of nearly three months, Congressman Gudger returned to Washington today. Mr. Gudger says he will carry the Tenth district by 2,500 majority over any man whom the Republicans may put up to run against him.

LOST TREASURE BOX KEY. Hotel Guests, Out to Fight Kaiser, Nearly Missed Boat.

(New York Times.)

Before Capt. Andre Soulange-Bodin and his son, Lieut. R. Soulange-Bodin, left the Vanderbilt yesterday morning for the Lorraine, the hotel was turned almost upside down in a search for treasure. Both the captain and his son are officers in the French army, and they reached New York only Tuesday.

While they admitted that they were on their way back to fight for France, they didn't know at first exactly how they would get there.

"It was observed that they took from their baggage two heavy canvas bags and put them into one of the safe deposit boxes in the hotel office. When yesterday morning came they decided to leave the most of their baggage, numbering 32 trunks, and travel light. Then, just 20 minutes before the time appointed for the Lorraine to sail, Capt. Soulange-Bodin discovered that he had mislaid the key to his safety deposit box, and began to look for it. A hotel detective was called to aid in the search. The pockets of the clothes father and son had worn in the last few days were examined and several of the trunks were delved into. The minutes flew by.

"We must not miss that boat," said Capt. Bodin to the room clerk. "The box contains all our funds—50,000 francs in gold."

The clerk notified Manager Marshall, and he ordered a mechanic to break open the box.

Departed late Capt. Soulange-Bodin and his son, the lieutenant, would not have got away yesterday.

When the captain was asked what was his destination in France, he replied: "We go to the battle field. It is the pleasure of the kaiser to fight France. We go to join our regiments."

MR. BRYAN INQUIRING FOR ONSLOW MINISTERS. Cables Leipzig for Information of Messrs. Rogers and Von Miller.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Jacksonville, N. C., August 18.—Mr. A. C. Dawson, of this place, today received from Secretary of State W. J. Bryan, Washington, D. C., the following telegram:

"Cabled Leipzig ascertain whereabouts Reverends C. T. Rogers and R. M. Von Miller and report same."

This telegram is in response to one sent to Secretary Bryan on the 13th inst., asking that he use his good office towards ascertaining the whereabouts of the Reverends Rogers and Von Miller, pastors respectively of the Methodist and Baptist churches here, who were touring Europe when the war began, were supposed to be in Germany at the time and have not been heard from since. Their families are with relatives in Eastern North Carolina.

Lumina Tonight. Mid-week Dance. Exhibition dancing. Moving pictures. (Advertisement.)

Delicious Concord Grapes—Phone your grocer.—Advertisement.

Wife Charges Abandonment.

Charged by his wife with abandonment of his family, in Charlotte, R. H. Huddleston, a young white man, who has been in the shipping department of the Jacob Hardware Company, was arrested yesterday morning by Constable Davis. A warrant sworn out before Justice Harris. Mrs. Huddleston informed Justice Harris that her husband left her three years ago, but returned last year and after he had promised to be more faithful in the future she consented to a reconciliation. She said that he left two days later. She said that there are four children. Huddleston gave bond in the sum of \$250.

JEFF DAVIS COUNCIL NO. 63. ATTENTION JUNIORS.

You are hereby requested to assemble at the residence of our late Brother, E. W. Conway, 715 Chestnut Street, at 3 o'clock for the purpose of attending his funeral in a body.

JOHN E. WOOD, Secretary.

Business Locals

Advertisements inserted under this head, One Cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement will be accepted for less than 25 cents. Additional words more than 25, One Cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amount being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send Message to any address in the city, for advertisements in this department, on request, by telephone, or by mail.

No. 51. Messengers will also call for Telegrams for the Western Union Telegram Company, for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for collecting the telegrams, or advertisements for the Star, but a small charge for strictly Messenger Service. Telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams and bills will be rendered to suit the subscriber, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call Western Union, but for advertisements always call the Star office.

No. 51. Locals cannot be taken over Young men, but upon request, a messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them.

GRANULATED SUGAR, 5 POUNDS FOR 25 cents, with each order for \$2, celery 10c; black honey, 15c; butter, 3 pounds, 11c; fine mixed tea, 1 pound; 5-string brooms, 25c each only. Phone 555. C. H. Bornemann. au19-1t

WANTED—TO BUY A VICTROLA Cheap. State price. "M. L." care Star. au19-1t

FOR SALE—VERY CHEAP, WILCOX and White organ; but little used; very ornamental. Stated 5 1/2 feet. Address, "W" care Star. au19-1t

GARAGE FOR RENT—BRICK BUILDING with electric lights. Apply 114 South Sixth street. au19-2t

EXTRA NICE GEORGE PEACHES. All kinds of fresh meats, fruits vegetables and fast way groceries. Guaranteed eggs. Sweet potatoes. Sliced bacon. Raw and boiled ham. Palace Market, 108 South Front street, Phone 72. au19th

HUNDRED FIFTY ACRE FARM, HIGH state cultivation, nice cottage, well equipped, located near Council's, for sale. Write, Mrs. A. B. Bush, Zara, N. C. au19-4t

NOTICE—MESSRS. W. H. ALDERMAN and R. B. Moore have sold their interest in the Winstead Produce Co., to Messrs. A. S. and J. E. Winstead, who will continue the business as formerly. au19-wed-4t

WRIGHTVILLE BEACH—STATION 6, Temple Cottage; best of service for transient or regular guests, families and house parties. Rates most reasonable. Phone 7500 or write Mr. T. Edgerton, Prop. au19-wed, fri, su-9t

FOR RENT—FOUR OR FIVE NICELY furnished rooms, with all modern conveniences; conveniently located. Young men preferred. Address 215 Walnut street. au18-2t

CARPENTERS AND LABORERS wanted at once, nine hours per day. New Clyde Line Docks, foot of Cay street. Apply to Superintendent. au18-1t

WANTED—GUM TIMBER FOR HEAD- ing mill purposes. Would purchase in bolt of about 42 inches long, or in the log itself. Large quantity wanted. Answer quick, stating price per foot from 60 feet down to 100 feet. Address "G. H. R." care Star. au18-2t

WANTED—YOUNG LADY TO SELL dress goods to friends and acquaintances. Excellent opportunity. Write for samples. Box 359, Altavista, Va. au18-7t

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS BLACK- smith, familiar with saw mill work. State pay you will expect. Address Whiteville Lumber Co., Whiteville, N. C. au18-7t

ACCIDENT AND HEALTH INSURANCE Agents wanted everywhere in N. C. Write today for full particulars. To delay means both of us will lose money. Business Men's Casualty Co., Winston-Salem, N. C. au18-6od6t

WANTED—SHIPPING AND RECEIVING clerk for wholesale grocery house. Apply in own handwriting, giving references. One with experience preferred. Box 454, City. au17-7t

FOR RENT—BUILDING AND BASE- ment annex formerly occupied by Morning Star office. Twenty-two feet front by 40 feet depth, three floors. Possession given at once. Apply to J. H. Hixson, or at Star office, 193 Chestnut street. au18-7t

FOR SALE—PRINTER'S IMPOSING stone, several type cases and other printing material, displaced by new equipment. Address Morning Star, Wilmington, N. C. au18-7t

SPRING CHICKENS, SPRING CHICK- ens—All kinds of native and Western meat. Fruits, vegetables and fancy groceries. Nice lettuce and celery. Quick delivery. Palace Market, 108 S. Front, Phone 72. au18-7t

FOR RENT—THREE WELL-LIGHT- ed, large and excellently located offices, just above, over new quarters, 215 Princess street. These offices have been put in first class condition; new walls, etc. For lawyer or insurance man they would be hard to beat. See King & Seagier, Phone 422. au18-7t

OLD PAPERS—A LIMITED NUMBER of old newspapers suitable for wrapping or burning, under carpets or matting, for sale at five cents per hundred. Apply at Star office.

A FULL LINE OF SHADE TREES, roses and shrubs. Buy home grown fruit trees at The Holland Nurseries, Castle Haynes, N. C. au17-wed-1t

FOR RENT—TWO CONNECTING rooms, unfurnished; newly papered, in cottage freshly painted and renovated, one block from post office; rooms connect with bath and have outside front and back entrance. Address "N. O. P." care Star. au11-1t

BUTTER—PROTECT YOUR HEALTH by purchasing "Catawba Gem" Butter, packed in sanitary cartons containing one pound. Independent Ice Co., Distributors. au11-1t

WATERMELONS! WATERMELONS! Watermelons—Large, fresh country melons for sale at retail. Independent Ice Co., Distributors. au12-10t

WAR DID NOT AFFECT UNCLE Charlie's prices on leather goods or G. & S. trunks. Phone 642, or call No. 6, South Front St. au13-1t

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE NEW bungalows at Greenfield Terrace. Beautiful design, well built; 8 rooms and bath; city water, gas, electric lights. Reasonable terms. Phone 1656-W. au18-7t

EGGS—WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO supply the grocers with the "Ridgefield Brand Guaranteed Eggs," put up in cartons. Your dealer is authorized to give you twelve perfect eggs for a dozen. Order by name. Independent Ice Co., Distributors. au11-1t

NOTICE—HAVE YOUR TIRES RE- paired at the Auto Repair Co., No. 211 North 2nd street. Full stock of tires and supplies always on hand. au12-7t

FRONT ROOM FOR RENT—FUR- nished; southwest exposure; one block from post office. Gentlemen preferred. Call at 216 North Second street; Phone 773. au12-7t

FOR SALE—AT ONCE, FOR CASH, an up-to-date stock of drugs and fixtures, located on corner in center of town of Maxton, N. C., will be sold at once. For information and particulars, address E. L. Wooten, Receiver, Maxton, N. C. au11-7t

NOTICE—THE CAPPS-GRIFFITH Plumbing Co. has just received a car load of Warm Air Furnaces. Get ready for the cold weather. For metal roofing, slate or plumbing, see Capps-Griffith Plumbing Co. au12-7t

STORAGE! STORAGE! WE HAVE storage for anything and everything you want in brick building, concrete floor, on belt line, until October 1st only. Rates reasonable. Address STORAGE, Morning Star, City. au16-7t



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We carry a full line of Wood and Steel Desks, Filing Cabinets, Card Index Cabinets, Typewriters, Dictaphones, Adding Machines, Mimeographs and Neostyles.

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105 Market Street.

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47 kegs 5d wire nails.
18 kegs 6d Wire Nails.
78 crates No. 2 Ax Handles.
106M Paper Bags.
69 Rolls Wrapping Paper.
63 Eagle Paper Cutters.
93 doz Daylight Burners.
17 Cases Toilet Soap.
43 Cases Argo Starch.
427 doz. Assorted Staple Drugs.

You can have above without paying war prices.

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OPEN DAY AND NIGHT

209 North Front Street

Business Men's Lunch 15c
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The Cleanest and Most Sanitary Place in the City, at Low Prices. All White Help.

We Invite Your Inspection of Our Kitchen. The Most Up-to-Date Cafe in Wilmington.

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Fruit Jars, all sizes enough for every body and at prices to suit the times

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